



M-Vision 27000WU & 24000WU & 21000WU

High Brightness Digital Video Projector

INSTALLATION & QUICK START GUIDE
CONNECTION GUIDE
OPERATING GUIDE
REFERENCE GUIDE



About This Document

Follow the instructions in this manual carefully to ensure safe and long-lasting use of the projector.

Symbols used in this manual

Many pages in this document have a dedicated area for notes. The information in that area is accompanied by the following symbols:



WARNING: this symbol indicates that there is a danger of physical injury to yourself and/or damage to the equipment unless the instructions are closely followed.



ELECTRICAL WARNING: this symbol indicates that there is a danger of electrical shock unless the instructions are closely followed.



LASER WARNING: this symbol indicates that there is a potential hazard of eye exposure to laser radiation unless the instructions are closely followed.



LIGHT HAZARD WARNING: this symbol indicates that there is a danger of exposure to intensive light that may result in personal injury unless the instructions are closely followed.



NOTE: this symbol indicates that there is some important information that you should read.

Product revision

Because we at Digital Projection continually strive to improve our products, we may change specifications and designs, and add new features without prior notice.

Additional Documentation

Updates to this manual may be available online.

Please use the QR code (also located on the projector) to access the latest M-Vision projector user guides and other documentation via the Digital Projection website.

Or visit the products specification page on the Digital Projection website to download the latest user guide and other documentation.

Legal notice

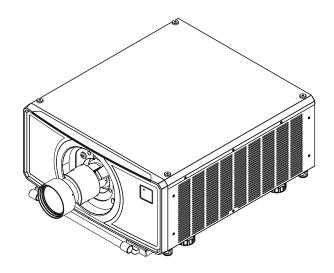
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Notes

Rev A January 2024 Introduction

What's In The Box?



Projector



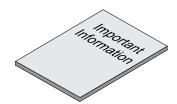
Power Cable, Europe



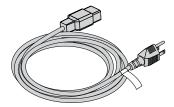
Remote Control Cable



Remote Control



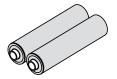
Important Information Book



NEMA 5-15P - C19 Power Cable, North America



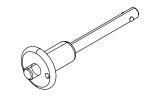
Stacking Tops (Optional)



Batteries



NEMA L6-20P - C19 Power Cable, North America



Stacking Pins (Optional)

Notes



Make sure your box contains everything listed. If any pieces are missing, contact your dealer..



Only one remote is supplied with the projector.



Save and store the original box and packing materials, in case you ever need to ship your projector.



The projector is shipped without a lens.



Only the appropriate cable for destination territory is supplied with the projector



Power Cable, UK

Only for UK Model

HDMI Cable

Electrical and Physical Specifications

	200-240 VAC 10.	6 A 50/60Hz	
Mains Voltage	110-130 VAC 11.1 A 50/60Hz		
Operating Temperature	0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F) in Normal mode 33°C to 40°C (91°F to 104°F) with reduced light output in ECO mode		
Storage Temperature	-20°C to 60°C (-	4°F to 140°F)	
Operating Humidity	90% (with maxim	um temperature of 35°C) non-condensing	
Storage Humidity	10% to 90% non-	10% to 90% non-condensing	
Dimensions	W 599 mm (23.6	in), H 303 mm (11.9 in), D 768 mm (30.3 in)	
Weight	47.2 kg (104 lb) v	47.2 kg (104 lb) without lens	
		al 850 W, max 935 W in Normal mode al 1150 W, max 1265 W in High Altitude mode	
	M-Vision 27000	at 230VAC: typical 1550 W, max 1700 W in Normal mode at 230VAC: typical 1250 W, max 1375 W in Eco mode at 230VAC: typical 1850 W, max 2035 W in High Altitude mode	
Power Consumption	M-Vision 24000	at 230VAC: typical 1450 W, max 1595 W in Normal mode at 230VAC: typical 1050 W, max 1155 W in Eco mode at 230VAC: typical 1750 W, max 1935 W in High Altitude mode	
	M-Vision 21000	at 230VAC: typical 1300 W, max 1430 W in Normal mode at 230VAC: typical 1000 W, max 1100 W in Eco mode at 230VAC: typical 1600 W, max 1760 W in High Altitude mode	
Standby Power	<1W in Super EC	O mode, <6W in ECO mode, <40W in Normal mode	
	at 110 VAC: typical 2901 BTU/hr, max 3191 BTU/hr in Normal mode at 110 VAC: typical 3925 BTU/hr, max 4317 BTU/hr in High Altitude mode		
	M-Vision 27000	at 230 VAC: typical 5289 BTU/hr, max 5818 BTU/hr in Normal mode at 230 VAC: typical 4265 BTU/hr, max 4692 BTU/hr in ECO mode at 230 VAC: typical 6313 BTU/hr, max 6944 BTU/hr in High Altitude mode	
Thermal Dissipation	M-Vision 24000	at 230 VAC: typical 4949 BTU/hr, max 5444 BTU/hr in Normal mode at 230 VAC: typical 3584 BTU/hr, max 3942 BTU/hr in ECO mode at 230 VAC: typical 5973 BTU/hr, max 6604 BTU/hr in High Altitude mode	
	M-Vision 21000	at 230 VAC: typical 4437 BTU/hr, max 4881 BTU/hr in Normal mode at 230 VAC: typical 3413 BTU/hr, max 3754 BTU/hr in ECO mode at 230 VAC: typical 5461 BTU/hr, max 6007 BTU/hr in High Altitude mode	
	M-Vision 27000	typical 48dB, max 50dB in Normal mode / typical 46dB, max 48dB in ECO mode	
Fan Noise	M-Vision 24000	typical 47dB, max 49dB in Normal mode / typical 45dB, max 47dB in ECO mode	
	M-Vision 21000	typical 44dB, max 46dB in Normal mode / typical 42dB, max 44dB in ECO mode	

Notes



Specifications are subject to change without notice..

Rev A January 2024 Introduction

Optical radiation



CLASS 3R LASER PRODUCT

This Laser Product is designated as Class 3R during all procedures of operation.

LASER LIGHT - AVOID DIRECT EYE EXPOSURE.

Caution - possibly hazardous optical radiation emitted from this product. Direct or scattered light can be hazardous to eyes and skin.

Do not stare at operating light source.



Do not point laser or allow laser light to be directed or reflected toward other people or reflective objects. There is a potential hazard of eye exposure to laser radiation if the included instructions are not followed.

Caution – use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Non-laser emission. There remains non-laser emission from the projection lens.

This projector is tested according to IEC/EN62471-5:2015 (Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems – Part 5: Image projectors standard) and is Risk Group 3.

Notes

Laser information





Caution - use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.



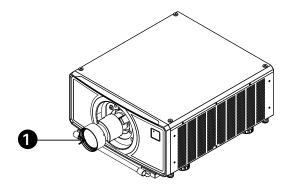
Not for home use.

Location of Laser Aperture

1. The laser aperture is located as indicated below.



Be careful not to expose the eye to direct laser light.



Notes

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Laser Parameters

Wavelength (Red)	635-651nm
Wavelength (Blue)	449-461nm
Mode of operation	Pulsed, due to frame rate
Pulse duration (Red)	1.0ms
Pulse duration (Blue)	0.76ms
Pulse repetition rate	180Hz
Maximum pulse energy (Red)	0.26mJ
Maximum pulse energy (Blue)	0.15mJ
Total internal power	<950W
Apparent source size	>10mm, at lens stop
Divergence	>100 mili Radian

Notes

Risk Group 3 Laser Hazard Installation Precautions

This product is a risk group 3 laser product. It must be installed in a safe place and must be handled by qualified and professionally trained personnel.



Do not attempt to access the internal hardware of the projector. Do not attempt to modify or remove the laser module.

Do not operate the projector without its protective covers.

Do not operate the projector without a lens installed.

Please consult with a qualified professional to install or remove the lens.

Light Hazard Warning

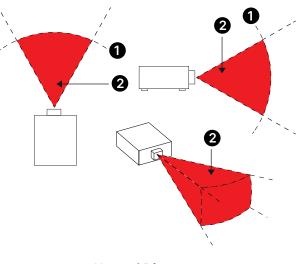
The hazard distance is the distance measured from the projection lens at which the intensity or energy per unit of surface is lower than the applicable exposure limit on the cornea or skin **1**.

The hazard zone is the area from the rojection lens up to the hazard distance that encompasses where the projected beam is considered hazardous **2**.

If the person is within the hazard distance, the beam is considered unsafe for exposure.

Light Hazard Distances

LENS		HAZARD DISTANCE
0.38:1	KM Ultra short throw Lens	0m
0.90 - 1.20 : 1	Extreme Ultra Wide Angle	0m
1.20 - 1.56 : 1	Short Throw Lens	2.16m
1.50 - 2.00 : 1	Standard Lens	3.52m
2.00 - 4.00 : 1	Longer Zoom Lens	4.00m
4.00 - 7.00 : 1	Ultra Long Zoom Lens	5.20m
6.90 - 10.30 :1	Ultra Long Zoom Lens	8.00m



Hazard Distance

Notes



No direct exposure to the beam is permitted, RG3 IEC 62471-5:2015.



Operators should control access to the beam within the hazard distance or install the projector at sufficient height to prevent exposures of spectators' eyes within the hazard area.



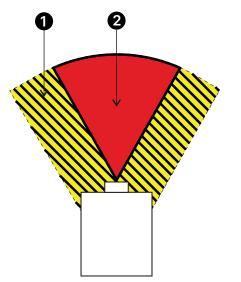
When the laser is installed overhead, allow a minimum of 3m between the floor surface and the Risk Group 3 area.

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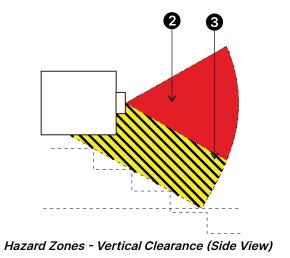
Restriction Zone

A restriction zone should be in place around the hazard zone to prevent any person from entering the hazard zone with any part of their body:

- Horizontal clearance ①. This should be no less than 2.5m around the hazard zone ②.
- Vertical clearance 3. This should be no less than 3m between the hazard zone 2 and the floor when the projector is installed overhead.



Hazard Zones - Horizontal Clearance (Top View)



Notes

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Product Labels

Projector



Manufacturers ID Label



Risk Group 3 Description Label

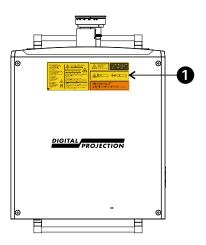


User Guides Label

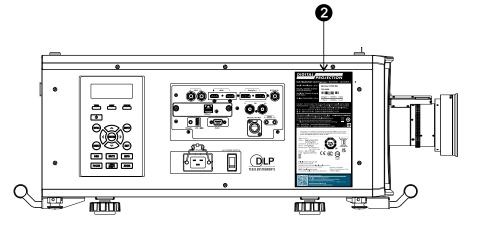
Notes

Label Locations

1. Location of Hazard Warning Symbol and Laser Aperture Label on the body of the projector.



2. Location of Manufacturer's ID Label, User Guides Label and Explanatory Label withLight Hazard Distances Certification Statement and Risk Statement on the body of the projector.



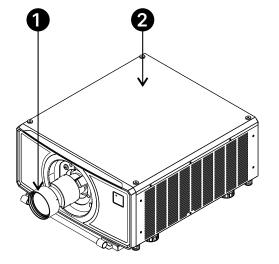
Notes

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Interlock Switches

Interlock switches are installed at the main frame, inside the cover. These will power-off the system individually when activated.

- 1. Will be activated when the projection lens is removed or misplaced.
- 2. Will be activated when the top cover is removed.



Notes

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Introduction

This manual describes the M-Vision 27000 WU, 24000 WU and 21000 WU.

Congratulations on your purchase of this Digital Projection product. Your projector has the following key features:

- WUXGA projector.
- Support for Frame Sequential and Dual Pipe 3D formats.
- HDBaseT® for transmission of uncompressed High Definition Video up to 100 m from the source.
- 12G-SDI with loop-through.
- Edge Blend with black level correction.
- Red laser assist for enhanced color fidelity.
- Blanking control for custom input window sizing.
- Cornerstone, Vertical & Horizontal Keystone, Pincushion & Barrel, and Image Rotation.
- Control via LAN and RS232.
- Motorised lens mount.
- Separate control of screen and
- Non-linear warp for irregular pr
- Constant brightness mode mai

A serial number is located on the side of

of the projector. Please record it here for future reference:
intains light output at selected levels.
rojection surfaces.
source aspect ratio.

Notes

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M-Vision 27000WU & 24000WU & 21000WU

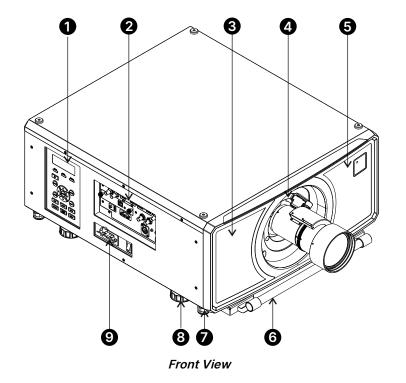
High Brightness Digital Video Projector

INSTALLATION & QUICK START GUIDE



Projector Overview

- 1. Control panel
- 2. Connections panel
- 3. Air inlet
- 4. Lens mount
- 5. Front infrared window
- 6. Lifting handles
- 7. Stacking pins (x4)
- 8. Adjustable feet (x4)
- 9. Mains socket and switch



Notes

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Notes

Control panel

1. TEMP INDICATOR

Off = no problem

Flashing red = temperature error

2. LIGHT INDICATOR

Off = light is switched off

Flashing red (cycles of single flashes) = failure to light up during power up Flashing red (cycles of double flashes) = unexpected light off while running On, green = light is switched on

On, orange = light is switched on but run on forced eco mode when high temperature

Flashing green (cycles of single flashes) = light source is temporary off by PIC-MUTE CLOSE.

3. STATUS INDICATOR

Off = no problem

Flashing red (continuously) = cover error

Flashing red (cycles of single flashes) = TEC/color Sensor error

Flashing red (cycles of four flashes) = fan error

On, red = system error

On, orange = firmware upgrade mode

Flashing orange (cycles of double flashes) = request to re-execute the lens calibration (Center Lens) process

Flashing green (cycles of double flashes) = lens calibration (Center Lens) is processing

4. POWER

Switches the projector on and off (STANDBY).

Indicator:

Off.

• The projector is switched off
Flashing green.

• The projector is warming up
Flashing orange.

• The projector is cooling down

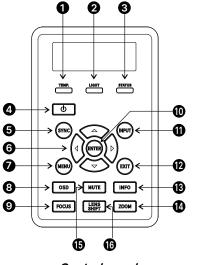
On, red. • Standby mode: power saving without network control capability.

On, orange Standby mode: with network control capability

On, green • The projector is switched on.

5. SYNC

Re-synchronises with the current input signal.



Control panel

6. Arrow buttons & ENTER

Navigation buttons used to highlight menu entries in the OSD. Press ENTER to open or execute the highlighted menu entry.

7. **MENU**

Displays and exits the OSD.

8. **OSD**

On Screen Display Menu Disable/Enable.

9. FOCUS

Plus and minus buttons move the focus in and out.

10. **ENTER**

Use the button to select settings or confirm the changed settings.

11. INPUT

Switches to the next input source.

12. **EXIT**

Exits the current OSD page and enters the level above.

13. **INFO**

Display the current system status.

14. **ZOOM**

Plus and minus buttons zoom in and out.

15. **MUTE**

Hides the projected image.

16. LENS SHIFT

Arrow buttons move the lens in the specified direction.

Notes

Remote Control

1. Power ON / OFF

Turns power on and off.

2. Pic Mute OPEN / CLOSE

Shows and hides the projected image. There are two PIC Mute settings:

- Laser. When off, the laser is switched off and no image is projected
- DMD Blanking. When off, the laser remains on and a black image is projected

3. OSD ON / OFF

Enable and disable screen timeout messages and control whether to show the OSD during projection.

4. MENU

Access the OSD. If the OSD is open, press this button to go back to the previous menu.

5. Navigation (arrows and OK)

Navigate through the menus with the arrows, confirm your choice with **OK**. In lens adjustment modes, the arrows are used to move, zoom or focus the lens. See **11** below. In lens adjustment modes, or when the OSD is not showing, the OK button switches between modes: **Shift Adjustment** and **Zoom / Focus Adjustment**.

6. **EXIT**

Go up one level in the OSD. When the top level is reached, press to close the OSD.

7. **FREEZE**

Freeze the current frame.

8. **DEFAULT**

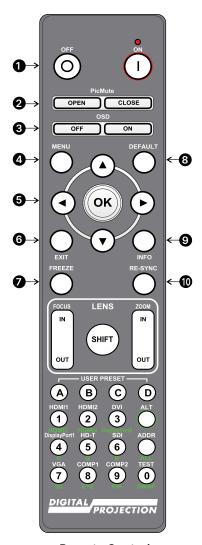
When editing a parameter, press this button to restore the default value.

9. **INFO**

Access information about the projector.

10. RE-SYNC

Re-synchronise with the current input signal.



Notes



The "PIC mute setting" is defined in the setup menu. See "Setup menu" on page 77

Remote Control

11. LENS adjustment

- FOCUS IN / OUT: adjust focus.
- SHIFT: press and hold this button, then use the Navigation arrow buttons to move the lens.
- ZOOM IN / OUT: adjust zoom.

12. USER PRESET A, B, C, D

Load user presets.

13. **ALT**

Press and hold this button to access alternative functions for all buttons with a green label.

14. DVI / DisplayPort2 / numeric input 3

There is no DVI input on this projector. Use with **ALT** to select the DisplayPort 2 input.

15. HDMI 2 / HDMI 4 / numeric input 2

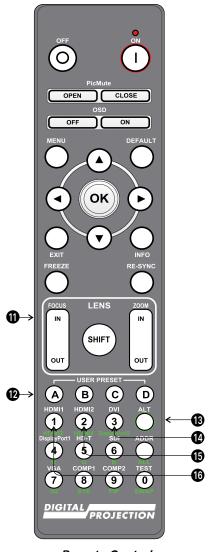
Select the HDMI 2 input.

Use with **ALT** to select the HDMI 4 input. There is no HDMI 4 input on this projector.

16. HDMI 1 / HDMI 3 / numeric input 1

Select the HDMI 1 input.

Use with ALT to select the HDMI 3 input. There is no HDMI 3 input on this projector.



Notes



If focus cannot be achieved using the focus in / out feature, press Shift & 7 to adjust for far focus, or Shift & 8 to adjust for near focus.



This projector does not use the following options on the remote: DVI, VGA, HDMI 3, HDMI 4, COMP 1, COMP 2, PIP and SWAP.

Remote Control

17. DISPLAYPORT 1 / R / numeric input 4

Select DisplayPort 1 input.

18. HD-T / G / numeric input 5

Select the HDBaseT input.

19. VGA / 3D / numeric input 7

There is no VGA input on this projector. Use with ALT to toggle the 3D Format setting between Off and Auto.

20. COMP1 / EYE / numeric input 8

There is no Component 1 input on this projector. Use with ALT to switch between left and right eye 3D dominance.

21. ADDR / ALL (with red indicator at the top)

Assign and unassign an IR remote address.

• To assign an IR remote address:

- 1. Press and hold this button until the red indicator starts flashing.
- 2. Release this button and while the red indicator is still flashing, enter a twodigit address using the numeric input buttons. The indicator will flash three times quickly to confirm the change.

To unassign an address and return to the default address 00:

1. Press and hold ALT and this button simultaneously until the red indicator flashes to confirm the change.

22. SDI / B / numeric input 6

Select the 12G-SDI input.

23. TEST / SWAP / numeric input 0

Show a test pattern. Press again to show the next test pattern: Off, White, Black, Red, Green, Blue, Checkerboard, Crosshatch, Color Bar, Aspect Ratio.

24. COMP2 / PIP / numeric input 9

There is no Component 2 input on this projector.



Notes

This projector does not use the following options on the remote: DVI, VGA, HDMI 3, HDMI 4, COMP 1, COMP 2, PIP and SWAP.

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Infrared reception

The projector has infrared sensors at the front and back.

The angle of acceptance is 40°. Make sure that the remote control is within the angle of acceptance when trying to control the projector.



Notes

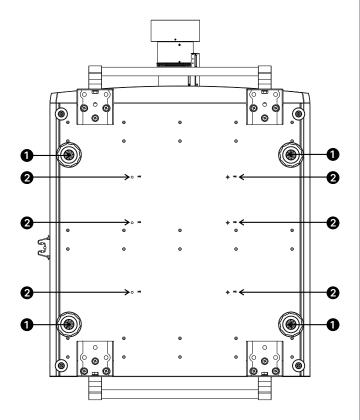
Positioning the screen and projector

- Install the screen, ensuring that it is in the best position for viewing by your audience.
- 2. Mount the projector, ensuring that it is at a suitable distance from the screen for the image to fill the screen. Set the adjustable feet so that the projector is level, and perpendicular to the screen.

The drawing shows the positions of the feet for table mounting, and the fixing holes for ceiling mounting.

- 1. Four adjustable feet **1**.
- 2. Six M6 holes for ceiling mount 2.

The screws should not penetrate more than 15 mm into the body of the projector.



Notes



Always allow the projector to cool for 5 minutes before disconnecting the power or moving the projector.



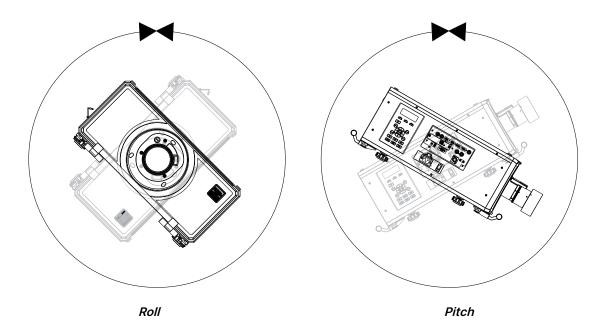
Ensure that there is at least 50 cm (19.7 in) of space between the ventilation outlets and any wall, and 30 cm (11.8 in) on all other sides.



Do not use the threaded holes for the adjustable feet to hang or mount the projector.

Roll and pitch

The projector can be operated in numerous positions.



Notes



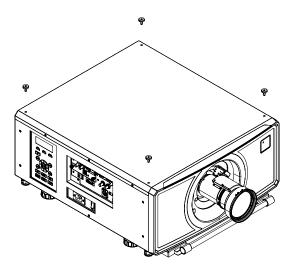
Positioning the projector with the lens facing down or the inputs facing up may reduce motor life.

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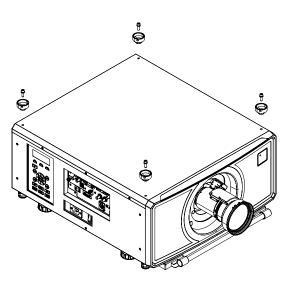
Stacking

Pin and cup stacking

 Remove the four screws on the top side of the projector that will be on the bottom of the stack.



2. Insert and secure the stacking tops in place of the removed screws.



Notes



The M-Vision series of projectors can be double stacked using the optional accessory: M-Vision Laser Stacking Kit p/n: 119-073.

Please contact your suppling dealer or regional sales representative for further information.



The projectors must be in a vertical position when they are stacked. This will ensure that the stresses are distributed to all four corners of the chassis.



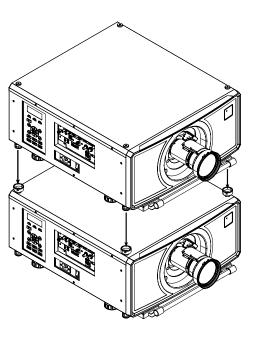
Do not use the threaded holes for the adjustable feet to hang or mount the projector.



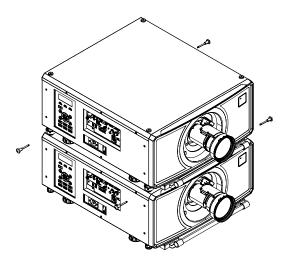
Do not use the carry handles to hang or mount the projector.

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3. Mount the projector on top of the other projector. Ensure that all four pins of the top projector are placed into the four stacking cups of the bottom projector.



4. Use the provided holding pins to secure each connection.



Notes



Do not stack more than 2 projectors.



Use only the provided screws with a torque of 25-30 kgf cm (2.45 - 2.94 Nm).



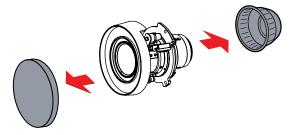
It is the customer's responsibility to ensure that the assembly is carried out securely.

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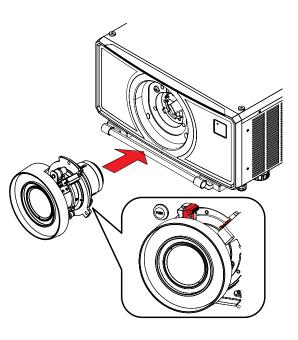
Changing the lens

Inserting a new lens

1. Remove the front and rear lens cap from the lens.



2. Insert the lens with the connector in the upright position.



Notes



Before changing the lens, always make sure the projector is switched off and fully disconnected from its power supply.



When changing the lens, avoid using excessive force as this may damage the equipment..



Avoid touching the surface of the lens as this may result in image impairment.



The lens is shipped separately..

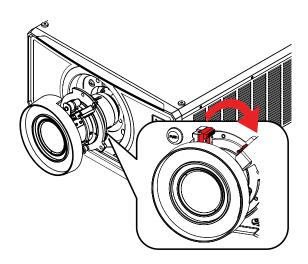


Take care to preserve the original lens packaging and protective caps for future use.



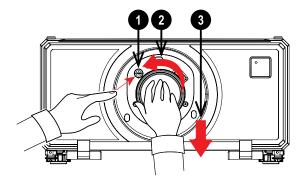
The projector will not power on without the lens fitted..

3. Rotate the lens clockwise until it clicks into place.



Removing the lens

- 1. Push the lens release button all the way in.
- 2. Turn the lens anti-clockwise until it disengages.
- 3. Slowly remove the lens.

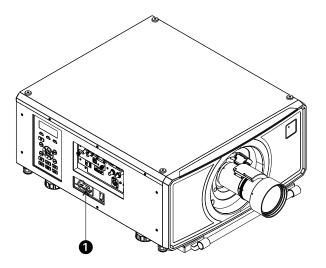


Notes

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Connecting The Power Supply

- 1. Lift the cable lock up.
- 2. Firmly push the mains connector into the AC In socket ①.
- 3. Push the lock down to secure the cable.



Notes



Use only the power cable provided.



Ensure that the power outlet includes a ground connection as this equipment MUST be earthed.



Handle the power cable carefully and avoid sharp bends. Do not use a damaged power cable.



Light output power is reduced to approx 30% when operating on 110V.

Operating the projector

Switching the projector on:

- 1. Connect the power cable between the mains supply and the projector. (See Connecting the power supply above.) Switch the breaker switch next to the power connector to on.
 - The **POWER** indicator turns red to signal that the projector is on and in STANDBY mode.
- 2. Press one of the following buttons:
 - On the remote control, the **ON** button
 - On the projector control panel, the **POWER** button.

The **POWER** indicator begins flashing green as the projector powers up. When the flashing stops, the **POWER** and **LIGHT** indicator both lights solid green and the Digital Projection logo appears on the screen. The projector is switched on and projecting.

Switching the projector off

- 1. Press **OFF** on the remote control or **POWER** on the control panel, then press again to confirm your choice.

 The **POWER** indicator on the control panel will start flashing blue, the projected image will turn off and the cooling fans will run for a short time until the POWER indicator goes steady red to indicate that the projector has entered STANDBY mode.
- 2. If you need to switch the projector off completely, switch the breaker switch next to the power connector to off and then disconnect the power cable from the projector.

Selecting an input signal

- 1. Connect one or more image sources to the projector.
- 2. Select the input you want to display:
 - Press one of the input buttons on the remote control.
 - Alternatively, open the On-screen display (OSD) by pressing MENU. Highlight Input from the main menu, press ENTER/OK and then select an input signal using the UP and DOWN arrow buttons. Press ENTER/OK to confirm your choice.

Selecting a test pattern

The following test patterns are available:Off, White, Black, Red, Green, Blue, Checkerboard, Crosshatch, Color Bar, Aspect Ratio To display a test pattern:

- Press TEST on the remote control.
 Change the test pattern using the LEFT and RIGHT arrow buttons.
- Alternatively, open the OSD by pressing **MENU**. Highlight **Test Patterns** from the main menu, then select a test pattern using the **LEFT** and **RIGHT** arrow buttons.

After the final test pattern, the projector exits test pattern mode and returns to the main image. To view test patterns again, you need to press **TEST** again. If you wish to exit the test patterns before you reach the final one, press **TEST** or **EXIT** at any time.

Notes



See "Connecting The Power Supply" on page 31.



The self-test is running when all the LEDs on the control panel are lit.



Use only the power cable provided.



Ensure that the power outlet includes a ground connection as this equipment MUST be earthed.



Handle the power cable carefully and avoid sharp bends. Do not use a damaged power cable.



See "Using the menus" on page 44 for full details of how to use the controls and the menu system.

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Adjusting the lens

The lens can be adjusted using the Lens menu, or using the lens buttons on the remote control.

Lens menu

The Lens menu provides access to the Lens Control setting and the Lens Center command.

Lens Control allows Zoom, Focus and Shift adjustments using the arrow buttons. The setting operates in Zoom/Focus Adjustment and Shift Adjustment mode.

Press ENTER/SELECT to switch between the two modes.

Remote control

Use the remote control to adjust zoom, focus and shift directly, without opening a menu:

- OK enters lens control, then switches between Zoom/Focus Adjustment and Shift Adjustment.
- EXIT exits lens control and opens the Lens menu.
- MENU exits lens control and returns to the main image.
- The arrow buttons adjust zoom, focus and shift as indicated on the screen. Selecting a test pattern

Adjusting the image

Orientation

This can be set from the **Setup** menu.

Highlight Orientation and choose from Front Tabletop, Front Ceiling, Rear Tabletop, Rear Ceiling and Auto-front.

Geometry

Settings such as Keystone, Pincushion / Barrel can be set from the Geometry menu.

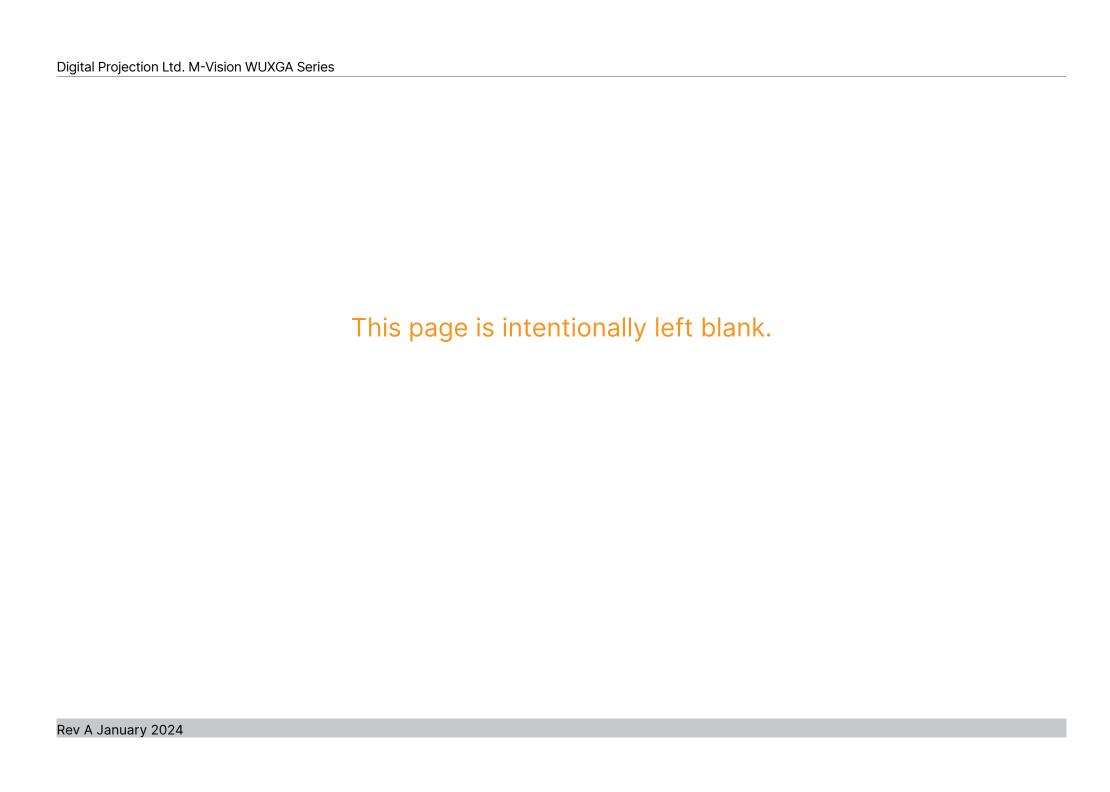
Picture

Settings such as Gamma, Brightness, Contrast, Saturation, Hue and Sharpness can be set from the Image menu

Notes



See "Remote Control" on page 21 for full details of how to adjust the lens using the remote control.





M-Vision 27000WU & 24000WU & 21000WU

High Brightness Digital Video Projector

CONNECTION GUIDE



Signal inputs

Digital inputs and outputs

1. HDMI 1 / HDMI 2

HDMI 2.0 inputs supporting HDCP 2.2. Connect an HDMI cable to the connector.

2. DisplayPort

DisplayPort 1.2 input. Connect a DisplayPort cable to the connector. Supports sources up to 4K-UHD resolution at 60 Hz and WQXGA at 120Hz.

3. HDBaseT

Receives digital signal from HDBaseT-compliant devices. Connect an HDBaseT cable.

4. SDI IN

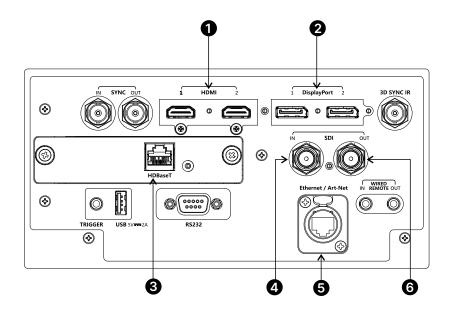
SDI input supporting up to 12G-SDI. Connect an SDI cable to the connector.

5. Ethernet/Art-Net

Provides LAN connectivity via an ethernet or Art-Net cable.

6. SDI OUT

SDI output supporting up to 12G-SDI. Connect an SDI cable to distribute the SDI signal to another projector.



Notes



For simultaneous HDBaseT and LAN connectivity, a third-party distribution product can be utilised to combine HDBaseT video stream with LAN connection for delivery to the projector.

Rev A January 2024 Connection Guide

EDID on the DisplayPort, HDMI, and HDbaseT inputs

If you are using a computer graphics card or another source that obeys the EDID protocol, the source will automatically configure itself to suit the capability of the projector.

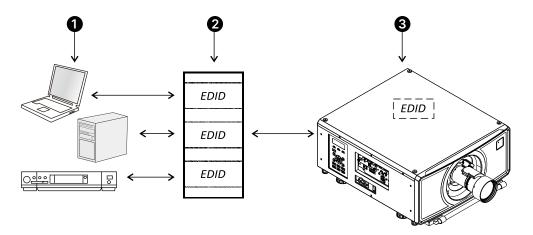
Otherwise refer to the documentation supplied with the source to manually set the resolution to the DMD $^{\text{m}}$ resolution of the projector or the nearest suitable setting. Switch off the source, connect to the projector, then switch the source back on again.

Using DisplayPort/ HDMI/ HDBaseT switchers with the projector

When using a DisplayPort/HDMI/HDBaseT source switcher with the projector, it is important to set the switcher so that it passes the projector EDID through to the source devices.

If this is not done, the projector may not be able to lock to the source or display the source correctly as its video output timings may not be compatible with those of the projector. Sometimes this is called transparent, pass-through or clone mode. See your switcher's manual for information on how to set this mode.

- 1. Sources
- 2. Switcher
- 3. Projector



The EDIDs in the switcher should be the same as the one in the projector.

Notes

3D connections

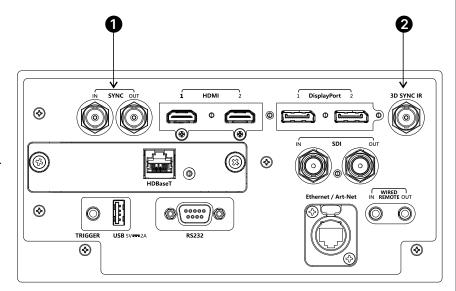
1. Sync In / Sync Out

Sync In is the 3D sync input signal. Connect the 3D sync from your graphics card or server.

Sync Out is the 3D sync output signal. Enables 3D from multiple projectors.

2. 3D Sync IR

Sync output signal. This is affected by settings in the 3D menu such as Dark Time and 3D Sync Offset. Connect this to an IR emitter or ZScreen.



Notes

I.D

See "3D formats" on page 118 for a complete list of supported formats and frame rates.

Frame sequential 1080p 3D up to 120Hz and WUXGA 3D at 100Hz.

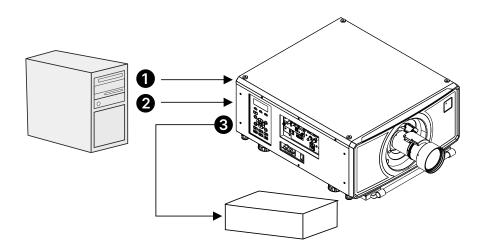
1. Set 3D Format in the 3D menu to Frame Sequential.

Dual Pipe 1080p and WUXGA 3D sources at up to 100 and 120Hz

- 1. Connect the left eye output to the HDMI 1 socket and the right eye output to the HDMI 2 socket.
- 2. Set 3D Format in the 3D menu to Dual-Pipe.

3D Sync

- 1. 3D Input
- 2. 3D Sync In
- 3. 3D Sync IR
- 4. IR emitter or Zscreen



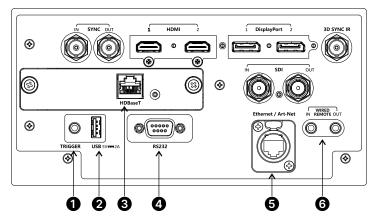
Notes

Control connections

1. Trigger

The Trigger outputs are defined in the Setup menu. Each ouput can be triggered by one of the following conditions:

- Screen trigger. A trigger output can be used to control an electrically operated screen.
 - The screen will be automatically deployed when the projector starts up and retracted when the projector shuts down.
- Aspect ratio trigger. A trigger output can be used to control screen shuttering for different aspect ratios.
- RS232 trigger. A trigger output can be used to control the screen or screen shuttering on receipt of an RS232 command.



2. USB

USB 5V / 2A output. Connect a USB cable to supply power to an external device.

3. HDBaseT (Optional board)

The projector's features can be controlled via a LAN connection, using Digital Projection's Projector Controller application or a terminal-emulation program.

4. RS232

All of the projector's features can be controlled via a serial connection, using commands described in the Protocol Guide. Use a straight-through cable to connect directly to a computer.

5. Ethernet/ArtNet

Ethernet

The projector's features can be controlled via a LAN connection. For example using Digital Projection's Projector Controller application, a terminal-emulation program or PJ-Link.

Art-Net

Art-Net compatible RJ45 etherCON input. Connect an etherCON connector cable from an Ethernet LAN/WLAN network to receive DMX-512 data over an IP-based network.

6. Wired Remote

The remote control can be connected using a standard 3.5 mm mini jack cable (tip-ring-sleeve, or TRS).

Notes



For a list of all commands used to control the projector via LAN, see the Protocol Guide (available separately).



Only one remote connection (RS232 or LAN) should be used at any one time.



With a LAN connection the projector can serve a web page offering status and projector controls.

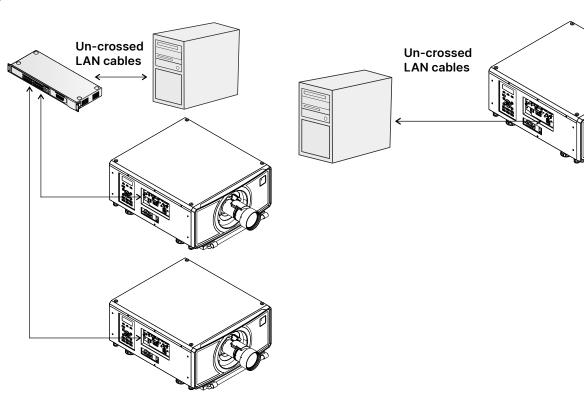


Projector Controller is available for download, free of charge, from the Digital Projection website.

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LAN connection examples

The projector's features can be controlled via a LAN connection, using Digital Projection's **Projector Controller** application or a terminal emulation program.



Notes



With a LAN connection the projector can serve a web page offering basic projector controls.



Projector Controller is available for download, free of charge, from the Digital Projection website.

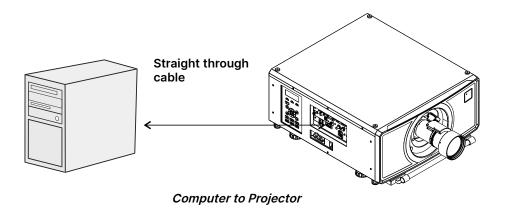


For simultaneous HDBaseT and LAN connectivity, a third-party distribution product can be utilised to combine HDBaseT video stream with LAN connection for delivery to the projector.

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RS232 connection example

All of the projector's features can be controlled via a serial connection, using commands described in the **Protocol Guide**.



Notes



The Protocol Guide is available separately.

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M-Vision 27000WU & 24000WU & 21000WU

High Brightness Digital Video Projector

OPERATING GUIDE



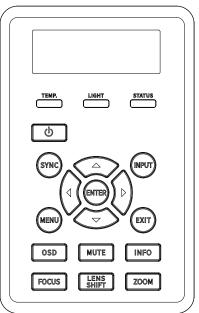
Using the menus

Opening the Menu

Access the various menus using either the projector control panel or the remote control. On either device:

1. Press the **MENU** button.

The on-screen display(OSD) opens showing the list of available menus.



Projector control panel

Remote control

Opening a submenu

Move up and down the list using the **UP** and **DOWN** arrow buttons. To open a submenu:

1. 1. Press **ENTER** on the control panel or **OK** on the remote control.

This guide refers to the above two buttons as ENTER/OK.

Notes

Exiting menus and closing the OSD

To go back to the previous page:

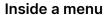
Press EXIT.

To close the OSD:

Press MENU.

Or:

- 1. Go back to the top level menu.
- 2. Press EXIT.



When you open a menu, the page consists of the following elements:

- Title bar at the top shows which menu you have accessed.
- Highlighted item.
- Available and unavailable items.
 Unavailable items appear a pale gray colour.
 Whether an item is available may depend on other settings.
- The text or symbol to the right of an item shows whether the item:
 - has a value that can be changed (the current value is shown).
 - opens a sub-menu (an arrow button is displayed).
 - executes a command (the space to the right of the item is blank).



On Screen Display (OSD): Top Level Menu



Inside a menu

Notes

The highlighted item has an orange background.

Accessing sub menus

Use the **UP** and **DOWN** arrow buttons to highlight the sub-menu, then press **ENTER/OK**.

Executing commands

If the item contains a command, highlighting it reveals an **OK** button.

Press ENTER/OK to execute the highlighted command.

You may be asked for confirmation. Use the ENTER/OK to confirm, or EXIT to cancel.



Highlighted Command



Confirmation Dialog

Notes

Editing projector settings

If the highlighted menu item contains a list of values to choose from, you can change the value by doing the following:

- 1. Highlight the menu item and press ENTER/OK.
- 2. In the list of values that opens, use the **UP** and **DOWN** arrow buttons to highlight a value, then press **ENTER/OK** again to select the highlighted value.



List of Values

Notes



Some menu items may be unavailable due to settings in other menus. Unavailable menu items appear gray.

Using a slider to set a value

Some parameters open a slider. To set such a parameter:

- 1. Press the LEFT or RIGHT arrow button, or ENTER/OK. The arrow buttons will open the slider and adjust the value at the same time. ENTER/OK will open the slider without altering the initial value.
- 2. Use the **LEFT** and **RIGHT** arrow buttons to move the slider.
- 3. When ready, press **EXIT** to exit the slider and return to the menu, or press **MENU** to exit the slider without showing the menu again.



Editing numeric values

Some parameters take numeric values without using sliders - for example, color matching values or IP addresses.

- 1. Use the **UP** and **DOWN** arrow buttons to highlight the row containing the numeric field you wish to edit.
- 2. Press **ENTER/OK** to enter edit mode. A numeric field in edit mode is white text on blue background.
- 3. In edit mode:
 - Use the **UP** arrow button to increase the numeric value.
 - Use the **DOWN** arrow button to decrease the numeric value.
- Use the LEFT and RIGHT arrow buttons to edit the next or previous numeric fields within the same row.
- 5. Once ready, press ENTER/OK to exit edit mode.



Notes

Using the projector

Main menu

• Input

Press ENTER/OK to open this menus and access various settings.

Test Pattern

Choose from: Off, White, Black, Red, Green, Blue, Checkerboard, Crosshatch, Color Bar, Aspect Ratio. Use the **LEFT** and **RIGHT** arrow buttons to switch between values.

 Lens, Image, Color, Geometry, Edge Blend, 3D, Laser, Setup, Network and Information.

Press ENTER/OK to open these menus and access various settings.

Input menu

Input

Opens a sub-menu, see below.

Backup Input Setting

Backup Mode: Use the LEFT and RIGHT arrow buttons to select On or Off.

Backup Input Select: Use the **LEFT** and **RIGHT** arrow buttons to select **HDMI** or **DisplayPort**.

HDMI Equalizer

Sets a suitable value to maintain the HDMI picture quality in long distance data transmission

Resync

To automatically synchronize the projector to the input source.

Input

Press ENTER/OK to open the list of available inputs.

Use the UP and DOWN arrow buttons to select an input from the list: **HDMI1**, **HDMI2**, **DisplayPort1**, **DisplayPort2**, **HDBaseT** and **SDI**.







Notes



See "Signal inputs" on page 36 for information about the available inputs and connections.



Selecting a test pattern hides the OSD. Press EXIT to hide the test pattern, and then press MENU to show the OSD.



Lens menu

Lens Lock

When this feature is **On**, all other Lens menu items are disabled.

Lens Control

Opens a sub-menu, see below.

Lens Type

Choose from 0.38, 0.9~1.2, 1.2~1.56, 1.5~2.0, 2.0~4.0, 4.0~7.0, 6.9~10.3.

Center Lens

Centers the lens.

Lens Memory

Opens a sub-menu, see next page.



Notes



You will need to manually select the correct lens type as there is no lens autodetect function.



This selection will effect the available options for 'Lens Throw Ratio' for Keystone.

Lens control

Lens Control settings operate in **Zoom/Focus Adjustment** and **Shift Adjustment** mode. Press **ENTER/OK** to switch between modes.

When in Zoom/Focus Adjustment mode:

- Use the **UP** and **DOWN** arrow buttons to adjust **Zoom**.
- Use the **LEFT** and **RIGHT** arrow buttons to adjust **Focus**.

When in **Shift Adjustment** mode, use the arrow buttons to adjust **Shift**.





Lens memory

This menu allows you to load, save and delete up to ten lens presets, containing position, zoom, focus and shift adjustment information.

Use **Clear Memory** to delete a memory preset if you need to save a new combination of lens settings in its place. Overwriting a saved memory preset is not possible.









Notes



At the time of the writing of this user manual, the lenses for the M-Vision series can only store horizontal and vertical shift information, zoom and focus memory is currently not available.

Please check our website for updates to this user manual.

Image menu

Picture Mode

Choose from High Bright, Presentation, Video.

High Bright: The highest brightness output mode is suitable for the application where the highest brightness output is needed.

Presentation: The best projection effect is suitable for the presentation or picture. **Video:** The mode is suitable for playing video content.

Dynamic Black

Set to On to allow for increased contrast in darker scenes by modulating the light source.

Light Off Timer

When **Dynamic Black** is **On**, the **Light Off Timer** will define if laser light source will turn off after a period of time has passed. The options are: **Disable**, **0.5**, **1.0**, **1.5**, **2.0**, **3.0**, **4.0** seconds.

Gamma

Choose a de-gamma curve from 1.0, 1.8, 2.0, 2.2, 2.35, 2.5 and DICOM.

Used correctly, the **Gamma** setting can improve contrast while maintaining good details for blacks and whites. If excess ambient light washes out the image and it is difficult to see details in dark areas, lower the **Gamma** setting to compensate. This improves contrast while maintaining good details for blacks. Conversely, if the image is washed out and unnatural, with excessive detail in black areas, increase the setting.

DICOM is a simulated DICOM display, which can be used for training applications.

HDR

Choose from Off. AUTO. RPQ-400. RPQ500. RPQ1000 and HDRHLG.

HDR (High Dynamic Range) is a new form of gamma developed to create more realistic experience when viewing images delivered using this format, such as scenes with bright sunlight. Unlike traditional gamma HDR is not device or installation independent. HDR content will come with a recommended brightness regardless of screen size. For best results as a guideline the following screens sizes are suggested.

HDR Screen sizes	Lumens	Screen width (cm)			
Model		400 NIT	500 NIT	1000 NIT	4000 NIT
M-Vision WU	27000	552.8cm	494.4cm	349.6cm	174.8cm
	24000	520.8cm	465.8cm	329.4cm	164.7cm
	21000	485.3cm	434.1cm	307.0cm	153.5cm

HDR options should only be used with media players and sources equipped with HDR and HDR content.



Notes



Image > Dynamic Black, Brightness, Contrast, Saturation, Hue, Sharpness, Noise Reduction, Freeze.

Color > Color Space.

Geometry > Aspect Ratio, Digital Zoom, Overscan.

Setup > Screen Setting, Auto Source, Trigger.



This product includes a DICOM simulation feature intended for training and other non-medical diagnosis purposes.



If the HDR setting is Auto, the Gamma setting is only disabled when the image source is HDR



The HDR AUTO setting is only available when the incoming signal is HDR capable

Notes

Perceptual Quantizer (PQ) is the digitizing concept for capture and display and provides metadata to enable the display to understand the coding of the content.

The NIT numbers relate to the brightness of the viewing conditions in NIT. NIT is the unit of brightness measurement for monitors and LED walls that emit light rather than reflect it such as a projection screen. However it is a reference to the brightness you would choose for a given environment.

HDRHLG is High Dynamic Range - hybrid-log-gamma. This is a broadcast version of HDR for live TV and events.

Brightness, Contrast, Saturation, Hue, Sharpness

Highlight the setting you wish to edit, and then press ENTER/OK, or the **LEFT** or **RIGHT** arrow button to open the slider. Use the **LEFT** and **RIGHT** arrow buttons to adjust the slider.

Press **EXIT** to close the slider and return to the menu, or **MENU** to close the slider and return to the projected image.

Noise Reduction

Choose a level of noise reduction from **Off** and **On**.

Freeze

Freezes the current frame.

Color menu

Color space

In most cases, the Auto setting determines the correct colorspace to use. If it does not, you can choose a specific colorspace:

Choose from Auto, YPbPr, YCbCr, RGB PC and RGB Video.





Notes

Color mode

The projector can work in the following color modes: ColorMax, Manual Color Matching, Color Temperature and Gains and Lifts.



Notes



Only one color mode can be selected at a time. Settings used by the other color modes are disabled.

ColorMax

- 1. Set Color Mode to ColorMax.
- 2. Navigate to the ColorMax setting.
- 3. Choose from **Peak**, **HDTV**, **User 1** and **User 2**. **User 1** and **User 2** are user-defined color gamuts set via the **Setup > ColorMax** menu.



II)

See "Setup menu" on page 77 for further information about setting up the User 1 and User 2 color gamuts.

Manual color matching

- 1. Set Color Mode to Manual Color Matching.
- 2. Open the Manual Color Matching submenu.

Here you can do the following:

- Switch Auto Test Pattern On and Off.
- Adjust **Hue, Saturation** and **Gain** settings for each individual color to improve the color balance of the projected image.
- Adjust white balance RGB values.
- Reset all values.



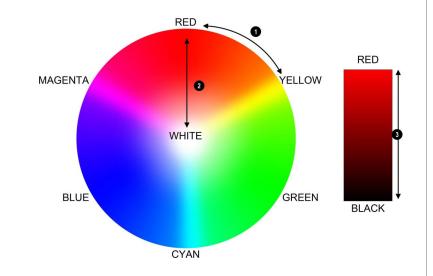




Color matching parameters explained

The levels of hue, saturation and gain in the Manual Color Matching menu change the color values in the following ways:

- Hue Specifies the position of each color (red, yellow, green, cyan, blue and magenta) relative to its neighboring colors.
- 2. **Saturation** Specifies the level of white in each color (i.e. how "pale" each color is).
- Gain Controls the amount of light that goes into each color, i.e. the lowest gain would produce black.



Notes

Color temperature

- 1. Set Color Mode to Color Temperature.
- Navigate to the Color Temperature setting. Choose a value from 3200K (warmer) to 9300K (cooler) or Native (no correction).

Gains and lifts

- 1. Set Color Mode to Gains and Lifts.
- 2. Open the Gains and Lifts submenu.

Lifts allow you to adjust black levels of individual colors, while gains adjust the bright part of the scale. Set the sliders as required.





Notes

Geometry menu

This menu allows you to compensate for image distortions caused by an unusual projection angle or irregular screen surface.

Aspect ratio

This feature defines the aspect ratio of the source. Use the **Setup > Screen Setting** to define the screen aspect ratio. If you choose a preset aspect ratio from here, it will give you the best fit for your selection.

Choose from:

- 5:4
- 4:3
- 16:10
- 16:9
- 1.88
- 2.35
- TheaterScope
- Source
- Unscaled



Notes



Select a **Warping Mode** to activate it. Access its submenu to adjust the warping mode settings.



Image scaling and aspect ratio are also influenced by Setup > Screen Setting.

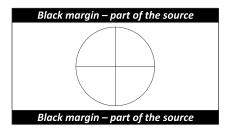


See "Theaterscope setting" on the next page for further information about the TheaterScope aspect ratio.

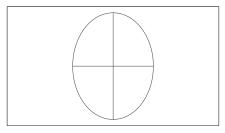
Theaterscope setting

The **TheaterScope** setting is used in combination with an anamorphic lens to restore 2.35: images packed into a 16:9 frame. Such images are projected with black lines at the top and bottom of the 16:9 screen to make up for the difference in aspect ratios.

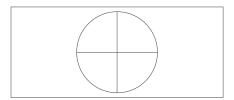
Without an anamorphic lens and without the TheaterScope setting applied, a 16:9 source containing a 2.35:1 image looks like this:



If we change the setting to TheaterScope, the black lines will disappear but the image will stretch vertically to reach the top and bottom of the DMD^{m} :



An anamorphic lens will stretch the image horizontally, restoring the original 2.35 ratio:



Notes



TheaterScope is used with an anamorphic lens.



If you use TheaterScope, set your screen aspect ratio to 16:9.

Digital zoom

Digital zooming enlarges a section of the image, while the area outside the enlarged section is cropped out to preserve the overall image size.

- **Digital Zoom** defines the level of zoom that needs to be applied. If **Digital Zoom** is set to 0, then the other settings in the menu will be disabled.
- **Digital Pan** and **Digital Scan** specify the area that is being enlarged:
 - **Digital Pan** adjusts the horizontal coordinates.
 - Digital Scan adjusts the vertical coordinates.

The Reset command restores the default Digital Zoom, Digital Pan and Digital Scan values.



Notes



Digital Zoom is a temporary setting and not retained after an input change or power cycle.

Overscan

Use this setting to compensate for noisy or badly defined image edges.

Crop removes unwanted artifacts from the edges of your image by cropping the edges.

Zoom increases the size of the image to force the edges off-screen.







Blanking

Use this feature to:

- Fit an odd-sized screen;
- Cut off timecode dots in the top line of a picture;
- Cut off subtitles, etc.

Select the edge you wish to blank and use the **LEFT** and **RIGHT** arrow buttons to determine the amount of correction.

Use the **Reset** command to restore blanked edges.



Warping Modes

Seven modes can be selected: Off, Keystone, 4 Corner, Pincushion/Barrel, Wall Corner, Free Grid and Custom Warp.



Notes

Keystone

Use this setting to compensate for any distortion caused by the projector being in a different horizontal or vertical plane to the screen.

After correcting for keystone, the aspect ratio of the projected image may be incorrect. This is dependent upon the throw ratio of the lens at its current zoom setting. Adjust the lens throw ratio to compensate for the aspect ratio that results from the zoom setting on the lens.

Notes

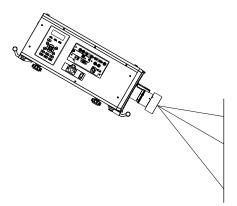


Max rotation in Keystone is reduced from normal rotation.



Make sure that the lens type is set to the correct lens in the lens menu before adjusting the lens throw ratio.

Keystone example



The projector is positioned at an angle



The resulting image is distorted



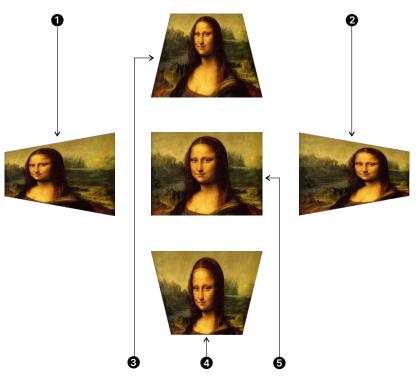
The image is corrected when Keystone is applied

Notes

USING THE PROJECTOR

Keystone settings

- Projector to the left The projector is positioned to the left of the screen. To correct, apply a positive Horizontal Keystone value using the RIGHT arrow button.
- Projector to the right The projector is positioned to the right of the screen. To correct, apply a negative Horizontal Keystone value using the LEFT arrow button.
- Projector high The projector is positioned above the screen at a downward angle. To correct, apply a negative Vertical Keystone value using the DOWN arrow button.
- Projector low The projector is positioned below the screen at an upward angle. To correct, apply a positive Vertical Keystone value using the UP arrow button.
- Projector straight The projector is directly opposite the screen at a right angle both horizontally and vertically. No correction is needed.



Horizontal and vertical keystone corrections

4 corners

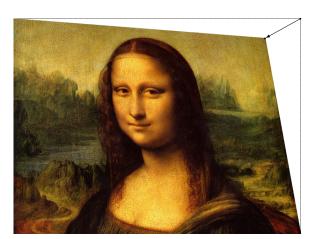
For each corner, apply horizontal and / or vertical correction as necessary to restore the rectangular shape of the image.



Top right corner example

In this illustration, the top right corner requires both horizontal and vertical correction.





Notes



Corner corrections provide a simple setup for awkward installations and irregular shaped screens that may distort the image. To apply a similar (but less flexible) correction, while preserving the original aspect ratio of the image, use the Keystone menu.

Pincushion / Barrel

Pincushion or barrel distortions are the result of poor or incorrect tensioning of the screen or using a surface that is not flat.

Use the **Pincushion / Barrel** control to compensate electronically for such distortions.

You can also use this menu to make simple panoramic screen corrections without using external processors.

When also correcting for keystone, the aspect ratio of the projected image may be incorrect. This is dependent upon the throw ratio of the lens at its current zoom setting. Adjust the lens throw ratio to compensate for the aspect ratio that results from the zoom setting on the lens.



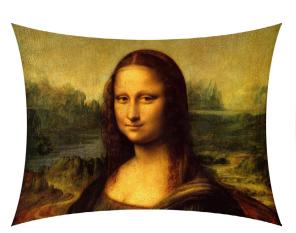
Notes



Make sure that the lens type is set to the correct lens in the lens menu before adjusting the lens throw ratio.

Pincushion/ Barrel example

The illustration shows pincushion and barrel correction applied both horizontally and vertically, in equal measures.





Wall Corner

The Wall Corner feature allows for geometric adjustment when projecting onto a surface with a horizontal or vertical external or internal angles.



Notes



Top / Bottom only avaliable when select "Corner Mode" to Horizontal.

Left / Right only avaliable when select "Corner Mode" to Vertical.

Free Grid

The Free Grid feature provides non-linear curvature correction for curved or spherical screens and other irregular shaped surfaces such as building mapping.

The grid overlay of this feature can be manipulated from the projectors keypad or IR Remote Control Unit without using the Digital Projection Projector Controller software.



Z.

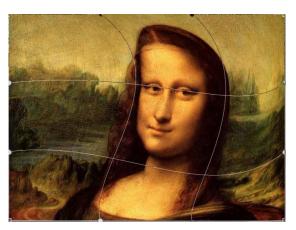
Free Grid must be enabled in order to set User 1 and 2 custom warp.

Custom warp

This feature permits selection of predefined User warp maps. Use the Projector Controller PC application to create the custom warp maps.

Custom warp maps provide non-linear curvature correction for curved or spherical screens and other irregular shaped surfaces such as building mapping.





Notes

Edge blend menu

Use this menu to blend together images from an array of two or more projectors. The feature feathers the light output of the projector within the edges that overlap with other projectors in the array: as a result, the overlapping edges are evenly lit and easily blend in with the rest of the image.

• Edge Blend Mode

Off: Disable Edge Blend

Manual: means manual adjustment.

User Mapping: load the pixel based map data that includes EB, Uniformity and Masking effect.

Align Pattern

Add markers to the image showing the edges of the blend area and making the overlaps more visible to help adjust the physical position of the projectors in the array.

Blend Start

Determine the start point of the blended regions. top, bottom, left right.

Blend Width

Determine the width of the blended regions.

• Black Level Uplift

Adjust black levels to compensate if the blended regions appear brighter than the rest of the image.

Reset

Reset all **Edge Blend** settings to their factory default values.

Uniformity

Open the Sub-menu for more detailed information.



Notes



When Edge Blend is set to Off, all other edge blend settings are disabled.



The picture in the blend region needs to be delivered to all overlapping projectors, which may require a special setup of the sources.

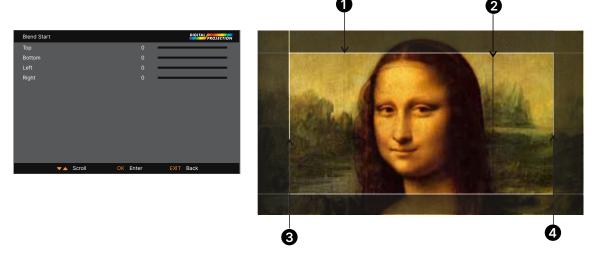


See "Uniformity" on page

Blend start

Use the blend start options to deactivate pixels at the edge of the image and set the start point for the blended region. Use the **LEFT** and **RIGHT** arrow buttons to set the start point of the blended regions:

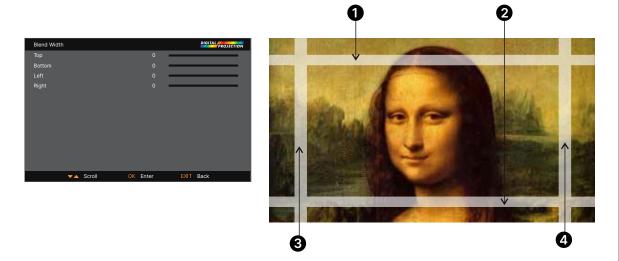
- 1. Top
- 2. Bottom
- 3. Left
- 4. Right



Blend width

Use the LEFT and RIGHT arrow buttons to set the width of the blended regions:

- 1. Top
- 2. Bottom
- 3. Left
- 4. Right



Notes

Operating Guide

Black level uplift

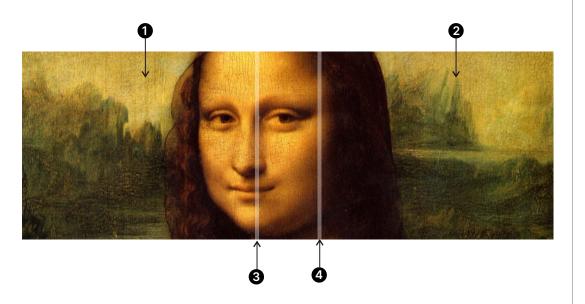
Black in the blended regions appears less dark than in the rest of the image. To compensate for this, use this menu to raise the black levels of the rest of the image:

- Set All to the required amount of black level correction. This will apply equal correction to the black levels of all colors.
- If necessary, use the individual color sliders (Red, Green and Blue) for fine adjustment.

You may experience artifacts at the edges where the blended region of one projector overlaps the *pond of mirrors* of its neighbor. In the example below, the blended image comes from *two projectors*, and and an aresult, *artifacts* and have emerged at the edges where the black level uplift region of one projector overlaps the pond of mirrors of the other.

To remove the artifacts, you need to slightly reduce the size of the black level uplift region of each projector so it does not overlap the pond of mirrors of the other projector.

Depending on your array, use Top, Bottom, Left and/or Right to reduce the black level uplift size. In the example below, use the Right slider of the projector on the left 1 to remove the artifact on the right 2, and the Left slider of the projector on the right 2 to remove the artifact on the left 3.





Notes



Enable Align Pattern from the Edge Blend menu to see the black level uplift area.

Uniformity

Mode: Enable Color uniformity correction.

Location X: Select the block area from X axis.

Location Y: Select the block area from Y axis.

Red Gain: Adjust the Red color gain on the selected block area.

Green Gain: Adjust the Green color gain on the selected block area.

Blue Gain: Adjust the Blue color gain on the selected block area.

Reset: All the Uniformity settings will be reset to the default settings.



Notes

3D menu

Use this menu to enable, disable and set up 3D input, as follows:

3D Format

Off, Auto, Side by Side, Top and Bottom, Dual Pipe, Frame Sequential and Frame Packing.

Off: Turn off the 3D Display Mode. When Auto, Side by Side, Top and Bottom, or Frame Sequential is selected, the 3D Mode will be turned on. To turn off the 3D Mode, select "Off" and press "ENTER".

Auto: Allow the 3D format to automatically detect the formats of Frame Packing, Top and Bottom, and Side by Side. The input signal is HDMI 1.4b 3D.

Side by Side (Half): This option is only applicable to input signal HDMI 1.4b 3D or HDMI signal sent by HDBaseT Transmitter.

Top and Bottom: This option is only applicable to input signal HDMI 1.4b 3D or HDMI signal sent by HDBaseT Transmitter. **Dual Pipe** is for sources where Left and Right eye are delivered on separate inputs.

Frame Sequential is for sources where Left and Right eye images are delivered as alternate frames from a single input. Frame Packing: Set input format under Frame Packing.

Eye Swap

Normal and Reverse.

(set to **Reverse** if the left- and right-eye images are displayed in the wrong order)

Dark Time

0.65 ms, 1.3 ms and 1.95 ms.

Set to reduce the effect of banding and image overlapping when viewed through 3D glasses.

Sync Offset

Use the LEFT and RIGHT arrow buttons to compensate for image overlapping (ghosting) when viewed through 3D glasses.

DLP Link

Off and On

DLP Link On emits a sync pulse for the 3D glasses via the projected image.

DLP Link Off will send the sync pulse to the sync out connector to use with an external third party emitter.

• Sync Reference

External and Internal.

Select the source of the 3D sync. Internal is referenced to the incoming video.

External is for Frame Sequential 3D sources and is supplied by the graphics card or player.



Notes



If 3D Format is set to Off, all other 3D settings will be unavailable.



See "3D connections" on page 38 for more information about supported 3D formats.



The following settings are not available when 3D is on: Image > Brightness, Contrast, Saturation, Hue, Sharpness, Noise Reduction, Freeze.

Color > Color Space.

Geometry > Aspect Ratio, Digital Zoom, Overscan.

Setup > Screen Setting, Auto Source, Trigger.



Also: See "3D types" on page 73 and See "Some 3D settings explained" on page 74.



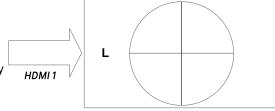
See "3D formats" on page 118 for 3D resolutions and frame rates.

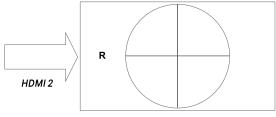
3D types

To display a 3D image if is first necessary to select the 3D format. This can either be Frame Sequential or Dual Pipe. These formats are described below:

- **Dual Pipe (LEFT and RIGHT)** The left and right eye images are delivered on two separate HDMI links, which the projector will interleave for 3D display.
- Frame Sequential For sequential 3D, an external sync is required to identify left and right frames. If no sync is available from the sequential source, the projector will generate an output sync, but it may then be necessary to manually set the Eye Swap each time the player is started.

Dark Time and **Sync Offset** need to be set only once, to optimize the image for the glasses in use.





Dual Pipe



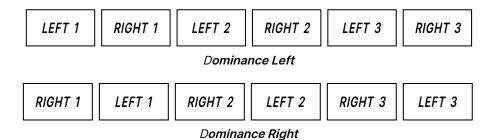
Sequential

Some 3D settings explained

Eye swap

The outgoing 3D frames are in pairs - the dominant frame being presented first. You can determine which frame should be the dominant one.

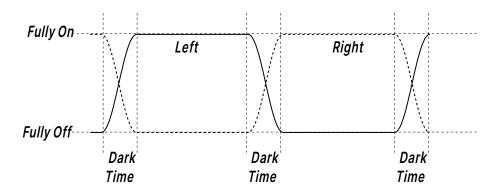
By convention the default setting is Left.



Dark time

Banding can be caused if the image is displayed before each eye of the 3D switching glasses or ZScreen is not fully open.

Dark Time allows you to minimize this effect. .



Notes

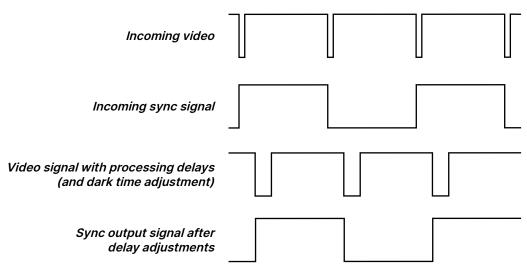


In order to achieve maximum light output and a smooth grayscale, whilst eliminating ghosting, the following procedure is recommended:

- Set Dark Time to a value appropriate to the glasses or ZScreen, say 1.3 ms or 1.95 ms.
- 2. Adjust Sync Offset time to eliminate ghosting and achieve a smooth grayscale.
- 3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 until the best result is obtained.

Sync offset

The sync signal from the 3D server will be in phase with the frames generated by its graphics card. However, to compensate for switching delays in the glasses or ZScreen, **Sync Offset** is used to adjust the sync output signal sent to the ZScreen or 3D glasses to minimise overlapping (ghosting in the image when viewed through the 3D glasses).



Laser menu

- Power Mode
 - **Eco** will automatically set the laser power to 80%.
 - Normal will set the power to 100%.
 - Set to Custom if you wish to adjust the power manually.

Power Level

This setting is only available if **Power Mode** is set to **Custom**. Choose a value between 30 and 100, ranging from 30% to 100% laser power.

Constant Brightness

Once a **Custom Power Mode** has been set, then Constant Brightness can be turned **ON**.

This setting will maintain the brightness until the maximum laser power has been reached. The lower the power level the longer it will be maintained.

Brightness Sync Mode

Available when 'Contrast Brightness' is On, otherwise will be grayed-out.

Off: disable Brightness Sync

On (Master): enable Brightness Sync and act as Master.

On (Slave): enable Brightness Sync and act as Slave.

Brightness Sync Group

Available when Brightness Sync Enable is On, otherwise will be grayed-out.

Each group allows for one master and eight slave members.

Brightness Sync Interval

Available when Brightness Sync Enable = On (Master), otherwise will be grayed-out.

Brightness Sync Status

Grayed-out when Brightness Sync Enable = Off,

When Brightness Sync Enable = On (Master), shows how many Slave connections in this group.

When Brightness Sync Enable = On (Slave), shows the conection status with Master.



Notes

Setup menu

Orientation

Choose from Front Tabletop, Front Ceiling, Rear Tabletop, Rear Ceiling and Auto-front.

High Altitude

Choose from Off, On, Auto and Quiet.

Standby Mode

Choose from SuperECO, ECO and Normal.

SuperECO uses minimal power and disables power ON via LAN. **ECO** uses a low power setting but enables power ON via Ethernet port only. **Normal** enables power ON via both HDBase-T/LAN and Ethernet ports.

Screen Setting

Choose from Screen Format and Screen Position.

ColorMax Setting

Set up user-defined color gamut values.

Power On/Off Management

Access the submenu to set up automatic projector power on and power off.

Clock Adjust

Access the submenu to set current date and local time.

Startup Logo

Choose from Off, Original and User.

Select original to display the Digital Projection Ltd. logo on startup. Select User to display a custom logo. Use the custom logo upload tool to set the custom logo for the User option.

Blank Screen

Choose from Logo, Black, Blue and White.

Auto Source

If this setting is **On**, the projector will automatically search for an active input source.

PIC MUTE Setting

Access sub menu to set up the picture mute control.

Highlight the **DOWN** arrow at the bottom of the page and press **ENTER/OK** to navigate to the second Setup menu page.



Notes



Auto-front automatically detects the projector's position and sets Table or Ceiling orientation accordingly.



Custom Logo. Please request the Custom Logo Upload Tool from your local Digital Projection Service provider to upload a custom logo.

Trigger

Choose from Off, Screen, 5:4, 4:3, 16:10, 16:9, 1.88, 2.35, TheaterScope, Source, Unscaled or RS232 to determine what will cause each trigger output to activate.

Infrared Remote

Set to **Off** if you wish to disable the remote control.

IR Code

The projector and the remote control need a matching IR code: a two-digit number between *00* and *99*. The default IR code is *00*. This is also a master code, which, if assigned to a remote, will work regardless of the value assigned to the projector.



- To assign an IR code for the projector: Select IR code. Use the UP and DOWN arrow buttons to change the values.
- To assign an IR code for the remote, press and hold the ADDR button on the remote until the On indicator starts flashing. Release the ADDR button and while the indicator is still flashing, enter a two digit address using the numeric input buttons. The indicator will flash three times quickly to confirm the change.

IR Code Reset

Use this command to unassign an IR code from the projector. This will revert the IR Code value to 00. To unassign an IR code from the remote control, press and hold ALT and ADDR simultaneously until the On indicator flashes to confirm the change.

OSD Settings

Access this submenu to adjust the appearance and position of the on-screen display.

Memory

Access this submenu to save up to four presets containing custom combinations of image settings, or to recall a saved preset.

EDID Mode

Access this submenu to set the frame rate and display resolution for each input type.

• Output Frame Rate

Choose from **Auto**, **48Hz**, **50Hz** and **60Hz**. Select Auto to use the same frame rate as the input signal. When switching between inputs on auto output frame rate, the projector measures the input frame rate before setting the output frame rate. When you know that all input frame rates are the same value, you can set an output frame rate to reduce the time it takes to switch between inputs.

Notes



The Projector Controller software is available for download from the Digital Projection website, free of charge.



A wired remote control will also be disabled if Infrared Remote is set to Off.

Image Latency

This function allows you to set image latency. Note that normally the image latency should be set to Normal for best picture quality.

CW Effect

Performance: Reduce rainbow effect.

Quiet: Reduce noise.

Highlight the **UP** arrow at the top of the page and press **ENTER/OK** to go back to the first **Setup** menu page.

ColorMax

ColorMax permits seven point color matching of red, green, blue, yellow, cyan, magenta and white.

You can enter your own gamut values here, or edit values you have imported using the **Projector Controller** software.

Defining your own colorspace with individual x and y coordinates for each color enables you to match not only the whites but each individual color as well.

Highlight the submenu you wish to open and press ENTER/OK to confirm your choice.

Measured data/ target data

- 1. Use the **UP** and **DOWN** arrow buttons to highlight a color, then use the **LEFT** and **RIGHT** arrow buttons to navigate to the x or y coordinate.
- 2. Use the **UP** and **DOWN** arrow buttons to increase and decrease the value, respectively.
- 3. Exit edit mode:
 - press ENTER/OK, if you want to save the edited values.
 - press **EXIT**, if you do not wish to save the edited values.
- 4. If necessary, highlight another color and repeat the procedure.







Notes



The Projector Controller software is available for download from the Digital Projection website, free of charge.



This tool is best used in conjunction with a specialized light meter (a photo spectrometer) to measure color parameters within a particular installation. However, the preloaded generic factory default data set is designed to give more than satisfactory results.

Power on / off

Auto Power Off

Set this to **On** if you want the projector to go into **STANDBY** mode when no input source is detected for 20 minutes.

Auto Power On

Set this to **On** if you want the projector to start up immediately when the mains is connected. Set this to **Off** if you want the projector to go into **STANDBY** mode when the mains is connected. In this case, the projector will not start up until the **POWER** button is pressed on the control panel or the **ON** button is pressed on the remote control.

Scheduled on-off

Access this submenu to create a weekly schedule for automatic on and off times:

- 1. Set a schedule:
 - Use the UP and DOWN arrow buttons to highlight a row, then press ENTER/OK to enable edit mode.
 - Within a row, navigate with the **LEFT** and **RIGHT** arrow buttons. Set values with the **UP** and **DOWN** arrow buttons.
 - To exit edit mode, press ENTER/OK. Alternatively, press EXIT if you don't want the changes to take effect. Move to another row using the UP and DOWN arrow buttons.
- 2. To enable the schedule, set Schedule to On.

Instant Startup

When **ON** only the Laser will be turned off when the Power off command is given. A subsequent Power On will turn on the laser giving an apparent very fast power on.

Standby Period

Used with Instant Startup. If Instant Startup in **ON** and the projector is powered down then the projector will go to Standby after the selected "Standby Period" 30 minutes, 60 minutes, 90 minutes.





Notes

Clock adjust

Use this menu to set date (in **dd:MM:yyyy** format), time (in **HH:mm** format) and time zone. The date and time set here will affect any schedule created within the **Power On/Off** menu.



PIC MUTE setting

PIC MUTE allows the projected image to be hidden without turning the projector off.

PIC MUTE

Choose from Laser and DMD Blanking. Select PIC MUTE to turn the laser off when the PIC MUTE activated. Select DMD Blanking to project a black image when PIC MUTE is activated.

• Fade In Timer

Fade out timer is available when PIC MUTE is set to Laser. Choose from **Off, 1s, 2s, 3s, 4s** and **5s**. Select Off to start projecting the image as soon as PIC MUTE is deactivated. Select a time to fade the image in when PIC MUTE is deactivated.

Fade Out Timer

Fade in timer is available when PIC MUTE is set to Laser. Choose from **Off, 1s, 2s, 3s, 4s** and **5s**. Select Off to stop projecting the image as soon as PIC MUTE is activated. Select a time to fade the image out when PIC MUTE is activated.



Notes

OSD settings

- Language sets the OSD language.
- Menu Position determines where the OSD should appear on the screen when activated.
- Menu Transparency sets OSD transparency between 0% (no transparency), 25%, 50% and 75%.
- **Time Out** determines how long the OSD should remain on screen if no buttons are pressed. Choose Always On to disable this feature.
- Message Box determines whether projector status messages should appear on the screen.
- Menu Rotation Choose from Off, Clockwise and Counterclockwise. Select a rotation
 option to rotate the OSD menu when the projector is displaying in portrait.

Memory

The current image settings can be saved as a preset, which you can recall later. The default settings can be recalled at any time as well.

Up to four custom presets can be stored for each input.

To recall a saved preset:

 Select Recall Memory and press ENTER/OK, then select a preset from Preset A to Preset D. Select Default to load factory default values.

To save a preset:

 Select Save Settings and press ENTER/OK, then choose from Preset A, Preset B, Preset C and Preset D.

EDID Mode

Each signal input type is available in the menu. Select the appropriate frame rate and display resolution for each input.











Presets from one input cannot be applied to another input.



See "Appendix C: memory scheme and memory items" on page 123 for information about the parameters that can be saved in a memory preset.

Network menu

Network Setup

Access this submenu to edit the network settings for the projector.

Art-Net Setup

Access this submenu to edit the Art-Net network settings for the projector.

Art-Net Channel Setting

Access this submenu to set the functions for each Art-Net channel.

Art-Net Channel Status

Access this submenu to view the status of each Art-Net channel.

AMX

Switch on or off.

Network setup

• DHCP, IP, Subnet Mask, Gateway, DNS

Set DHCP to On if the IP address is to be assigned by a DHCP server, or Off if it is to be set here. If DHCP is On, it will not be possible to edit IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway or DNS.

If DHCP is set to Off, edit IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway and DNS as required.

• MAC

This field is read-only.

Apply

Select to apply any changes to the network setup.





Notes

Art-Net setup

Art-Net Active

Set to On to activate Art-Net DMX electronic light system control via the Art-Net port. Set the Net, Sub Net, Universe and Start Address for the network.

Apply

Select to apply any changes to the Art-Net setup.



Art-Net Channel setting

• Chanel 1-5

Choose from None, Power, PIC Mute, Power Level, Input and Channel Control. Select the projector functions that are associated with each Art-Net channel.



Art-Net Channel Status

Chanel 1-5

Display current the control value for each channel.



Information menu

This menu gives information about software and hardware configuration, input source and laser operating times It also allows you to restore the factory default settings.



Software Version

Signal format





Notes

Thermal Status

Inlet-DMD Temp

Inlet-MCL Temp.

Fan 7-12 Speed

Fan 13-18 Speed

System status



24(C)

DIGITAL

2460. 2409. 3687. 3827. 1820. 1800

Notes

Thermal status

Factory reset

To restore the factory default settings:

- 1. Navigate to Factory Reset and press ENTER/OK.
- 2. When prompted, press ENTER/OK to confirm your choice, or press EXIT to cancel.

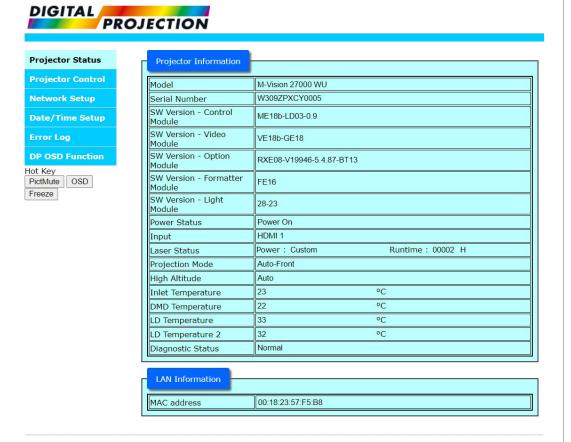




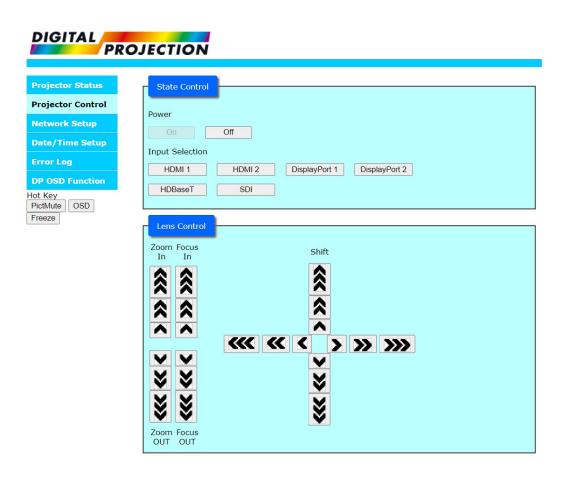
Factory reset does not reset the Network settings, or High Altitude mode.

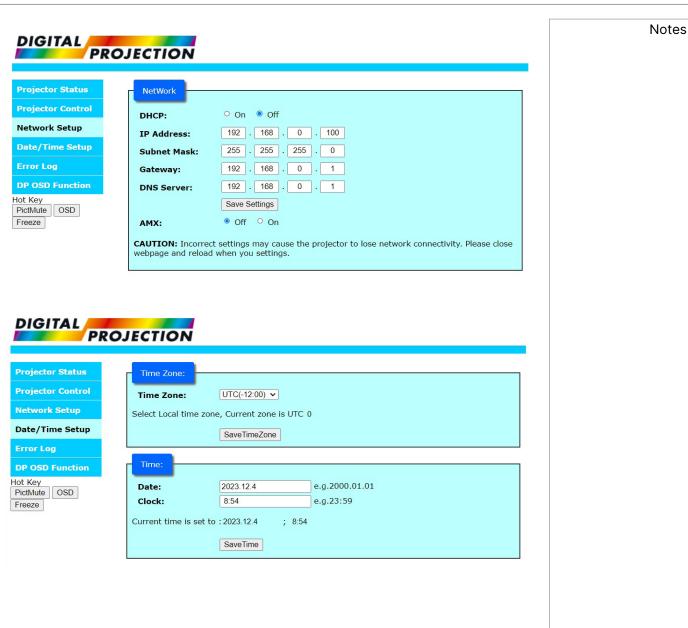
Served web pages

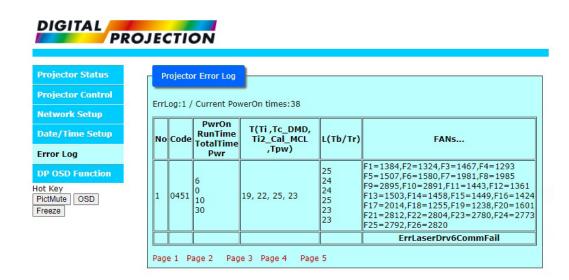
The served web pages allow you to control the projector remotely via LAN. The default IP address is 192.168.0.100.

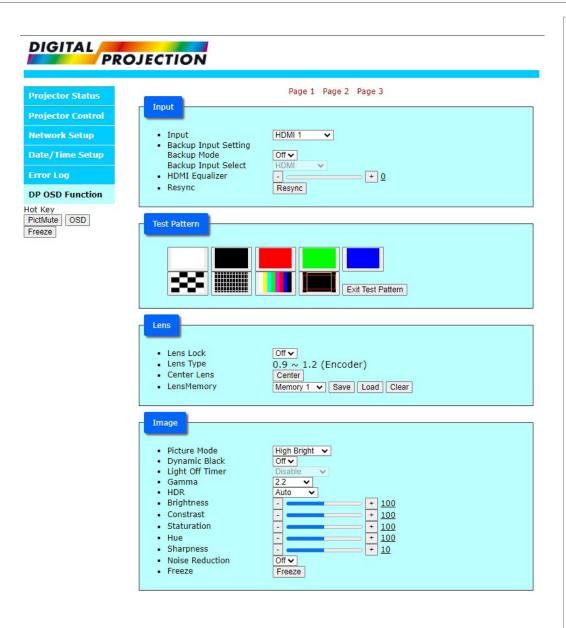


Notes

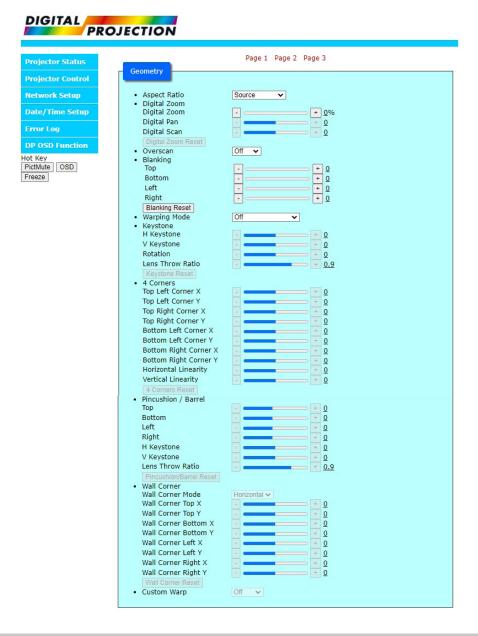




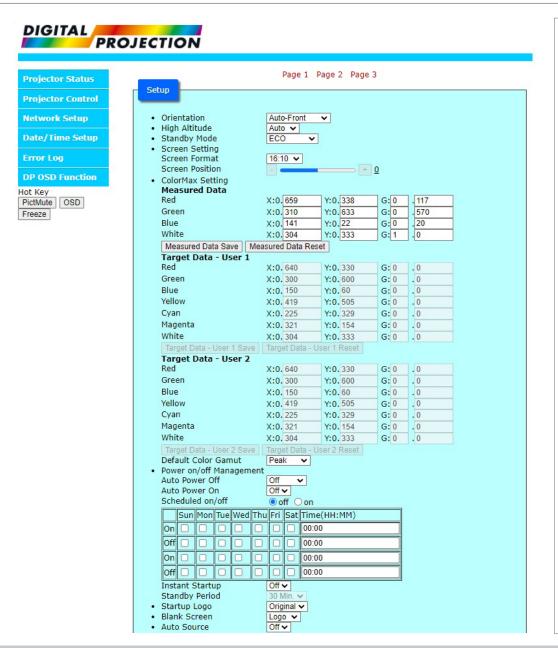




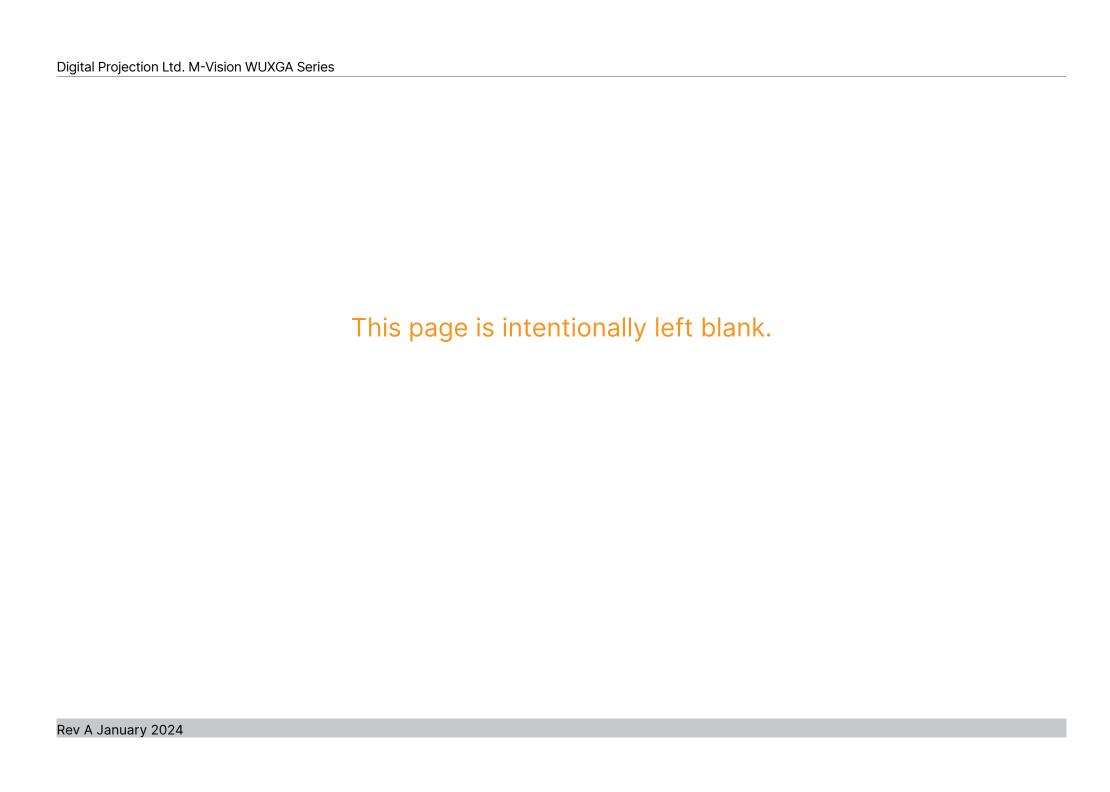
color	
Color Space	Auto
Color Mode	ColorMax
Color Max	Peak V
 Manual Color Matching 	
Auto Test Pattern	Off ✓
Red	
Hue	+ 500
Saturation	+ 500
Gain	+ 500
Green Hue	+ 500
Saturation	
Gain	
Blue	+ 500
Hue	+ 500
Saturation	
Gain	
Yellow	+ 500
Hue	+ 500
Saturation	+ 500
Gain	+ 500
Magenta	
Hue	+ 500
Saturation	+ 500
Gain	+ 500
Cyan	
Hue	+ 500
Saturation	+ 500
Gain	+ 500
While Balance	
Red	+ 500
Green	+ 500
Blue	+ 500
Manual Color Matching Res	set
 Color Temperature 	6500K ∨
 Gains and Lifts 	
Red Lift	+ 100
Green Lift	+ 100
Blue Lift	+ 100
Red Gain	+ 100
Green Gain	+ 100
Blue Gain	+ 100
Gains and Lifts Reset	



Educ Blood		
Edge Blend		
Edge Blend Mode	Off	
Align Pattern	Off V	
Blend Start		
Тор		+ <u>0</u>
Bottom		<u>+ 0</u>
Left		<u>+ 0</u>
Right		<u>+ 0</u>
 Blend Width Top 		+ 0
Bottom		+ 0
Left		+ 0
Right		+ 0
Black Level Uplift		
Select Area		
Top Left X		<u>+</u> <u>0</u>
Top Left Y		+ 0
Top Right X		+ 0
Top Right Y		+ 0
Bottom Left X Bottom Left Y		+ 0
Bottom Left Y Bottom Right X		+ 0
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Color Adjustment		
All	- +	
Red		+ <u>0</u>
Green		+ <u>0</u>
Blue		+ <u>0</u>
Reset	Edge Blend Reset	
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Location Y		+ 0
Red Gain		+ 0
Green Gain		+ 0
Blue Gain		+ 0
Uniformity Reset		
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3D Format	Frame Sequential 🗸	
Eye Swap	Normal 🕶	
Dark Time	1.95 ms ∨	
Sync Offset	-	+ 100
DLP Link	Off •	
Sync Reference	Internal	
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Lasel		
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Power Mode	Custom V	
Power Level Constant Brighton	-	+ 70
 Constant Brighness Brightness Sync Mode 	Off V	
Brightness Sync Mode Brightness Sync Group	0 0 1 0 2	
Brightness Sync Interval		+ 5
Brightness Sync Status	SLAVE_OFF_LINE	



PIC MUTE Setting	Tanas	
PIC MUTE Fade In Timer	Laser V	
Fade Out Timer	5s v	
Trigger	Off	
Infrared Remote	On V	
• IR Code 0	Send IR Code IR Code Reset	
OSD Setting		
Language	English	
Menu Position	Center	
Menu Transparency	0 🗸	
Time Out	30 Seconds ♥	
Message Box	On V	
Menu Rotation	Off	
Memory Recall Memory	Default V	
Save Settings	Preset A V	
EDID Mode	1100011	
HDMI1	4K/30 V	
HDMI2	4K/30 V	
DisplayPort1	4K/30 V	
DisplayPort2	4K/30 V	
HDBaseT	4K/30 V	
Smear Reduction	Off v	
Output Frame Rate	60Hz V	
 Image Latency CW Effect 	Normal V Performance V	
CW LIICU	1 Grounding 7	
7-6		
Information		
• Model Name	M-Vision 27000 WII	
Model Name Serial Number	M-Vision 27000 WU	
Serial Number	M-Vision 27000 WU W309ZPXCY0005	
	W309ZPXCY0005	
Serial Number Software Version		
Serial Number Software Version Control Module	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9	
 Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module 	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18	
 Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module 	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Formatter Module Light Module Active Active	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Formatter Module Light Module Active Signal Format	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Formatter Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Formatter Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 No source	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Formatter Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 NO source NA NA	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Formatter Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 No source NA NA	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Formatter Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 No source NA NA NA	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Eight Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock Haber Hours Laser Hours	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 No source NA NA	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Formatter Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 No source NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Formatter Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 NO source NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m)	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Formatter Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure AC Voltage	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 NO source NA NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m) 2007 ~ 2407	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Formatter Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure AC Voltage Altitude Mode	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 No source NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m) 200V ~ 240V Auto	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Define Module Light Module Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure AC Voltage Altitude Mode Laser Power	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 NO SOURCE NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m) 200V ~ 240V Auto 70%	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Light Module Light Module Signal Format Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure AC Voltage Altitude Mode Laser Power Custom Brightness	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 No source NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m) 200V ~ 240V Auto	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Formatter Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure AC Voltage Altitude Mode Laser Power Custom Brightness Thermal Status	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 NO source NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m) 200V ~ 240V Auto 70% Off	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Light Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure AC Voltage Altitude Mode Laser Power Custom Brightness Thermal Status Inlet-MCL Temp.	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 NO source NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m) 200V ~ 240V Auto 70% Off	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Eight Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure AC Voltage Altitude Mode Laser Power Custom Brightness Thermal Status Inlet-MCL Temp. Inlet-DMD Temp.	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 NO source NA NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m) 200V ~ 240V Auto 70% Off 24(C) 20(C)	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Formatter Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure AC Voltage Altitude Mode Laser Power Custom Brightness Thermal Status Inlet-MCL Temp. Inlet-DMD Temp. PW Temp.	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 No source NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m) 200V ~ 240V Auto 70% Off 24(C) 20(C) 42(C)	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Option Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure AC Voltage Altitude Mode Laser Power Custom Brightness Thermal Status Inlet-MCL Temp, Inlet-DMD Temp, PW Temp, DMD Temp.	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 NO source NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m) 200V ~ 240V Auto 70% Off 24(C) 20(C) 42(C) 22(C)	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Light Module Light Module Light Module Signal Format Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure AC Voltage Altitude Mode Laser Power Custom Brightness Thermal Status Inlet-MCL Temp. Inlet-DMD Temp. PW Temp. DMD Temp. BLD 1-4 Temp.	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 NO source NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m) 200V ~ 240V Auto 70% Off 24(C) 20(C) 42(C) 22(C) 38(C), 39(C), 42(C), 38(C)	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Light Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure AC Voltage Altitude Mode Laser Power Custom Brightness Thermal Status Inlet-MCL Temp. Inlet-DMD Temp. PW Temp. DMD Temp. BLD 1-4 Temp. RLD 1-2 Temp.	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 No source NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m) 200V ~ 240V Auto 70% Off 24(C) 20(C) 42(C) 22(C) 38(C), 39(C), 42(C), 38(C) 32(C), 30(C)	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Light Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure AC Voltage Altitude Mode Laser Power Custom Brightness Thermal Status Inlet-MCL Temp. Inlet-DMD Temp. PW Temp. DMD Temp. BLD 1-4 Temp. BLD 1-2 Temp. Fan 1-6 Speed	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 NO source NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m) 200V ~ 240V Auto 70% Off 24(C) 20(C) 42(C) 22(C) 38(C), 39(C), 42(C), 38(C) 32(C), 30(C) 1314, 1439, 1280, 1452, 1641, 1619	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Light Module Light Module Light Module Software Version Signal Format Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure AC Voltage Altitude Mode Laser Power Custom Brightness Thermal Status Inlet-MCL Temp. Inlet-DMD Temp. DMD Temp. DMD Temp. BLD 1-4 Temp. RLD 1-2 Temp. Fan 1-6 Speed Fan 7-12 Speed	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 NO source NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m) 200V ~ 240V Auto 70% Off 24(C) 20(C) 42(C) 22(C) 38(C), 39(C), 42(C), 38(C) 32(C), 30(C) 1314, 1439, 1280, 1452, 1641, 1619 1868, 1897, 2861, 2857, 1447, 1478	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Light Module Light Module Signal Format Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure AC Voltage Altitude Mode Laser Power Custom Brightness Thermal Status Inlet-MCL Temp. Inlet-DMD Temp. DMD Temp. DMD Temp. BLD 1-4 Temp. RLD 1-2 Temp. Fan 1-6 Speed Fan 7-12 Speed Fan 1-18 Speed	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 No source NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m) 200V ~ 240V Auto 70% Off 24(C) 20(C) 42(C) 22(C) 38(C), 39(C), 42(C), 38(C) 32(C), 30(C) 1314, 1439, 1280, 1452, 1641, 1619 1868, 1897, 2861, 2857, 1447, 1478 1430, 1424, 1471, 1449, 2048, 1201	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure AC Voltage Altitude Mode Laser Power Custom Brightness Thermal Status Inlet-MCL Temp, Inlet-DMD Temp, PW Temp, DMD Temp, BLD 1-4 Temp, RLD 1-2 Temp, Fan 1-6 Speed Fan 13-18 Speed Fan 13-18 Speed Fan 19-24 Speed F	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 NO source NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m) 200V ~ 240V Auto 70% Off 24(C) 20(C) 42(C) 20(C) 42(C) 22(C) 38(C), 39(C), 42(C), 38(C) 32(C), 30(C) 1314, 1439, 1280, 1452, 1641, 1619 1868, 1897, 2861, 2857, 1447, 1478 1430, 1424, 1471, 1449, 2048, 1201 1258, 1627, 2796, 2788, 2828, 2816	
Serial Number Software Version Control Module Video Module Option Module Light Module Light Module Active Signal Format Active Source Timing Scanning Frequency Pixel Clock HDR Format Laser Hours System Status Atmospheric Pressure AC Voltage Altitude Mode Laser Power Custom Brightness Thermal Status Inlet-MCL Temp. Inlet-DMD Temp. PW Temp. DMD Temp. BLD 1-4 Temp. RLD 1-2 Temp. Fan 1-6 Speed Fan 7-12 Speed Fan 1-18 Speed Fan 1-18 Speed	W309ZPXCY0005 ME18b-LD03-0.9 VE18b-GE18 RXE08-V19946-5.4.87-BT13 FE16 28-23 HDMI 1 HDMI 1 No source NA NA NA NO Data 2 HRS 100285 Pa (86 m) 200V ~ 240V Auto 70% Off 24(C) 20(C) 42(C) 22(C) 38(C), 39(C), 42(C), 38(C) 32(C), 30(C) 1314, 1439, 1280, 1452, 1641, 1619 1868, 1897, 2861, 2857, 1447, 1478 1430, 1424, 1471, 1449, 2048, 1201	





M-Vision 27000WU & 24000WU & 21000WU

High Brightness Digital Video Projector

REFERENCE GUIDE



Choosing a lens

A number of lenses are available. Which lens you choose depends on the screen size, image aspect ratio, throw distance and light output. The following table shows all available lenses in order of their throw ratios:

Lens	Focus Range	Lens Shift	Part No
0.38:1 fixed	1.6m - 5m	Vert: 0.50 (U) 0.50 (D) frame, Hor: 0.025 (L) 0.025 (R) frame	123-417
0.9 - 1.2 : 1 zoom	0.92m - 10.6m	Vert: 0.45 (U) 0.45 (D) frame, Hor: 0.15 (L) 0.15 (R) frame	120-624
1.20 - 1.56 : 1 zoom	0.95m - 17.47m	Vert: 0.5 (U) 0.5 (D) frame, Hor: 0.15 (L) 0.15 (R) frame	120-625
1.50 - 2.00 : 1 zoom	1.24m - 16.4m	Vert: 0.5 (U) 0.3 (D) frame, Hor: 0.15 (L) 0.15 (R) frame	120-626
2.00 - 4.00 : 1 zoom	1.82m - 41.8m	Vert: 0.5 (U) 0.3 (D) frame, Hor: 0.15 (L) 0.15 (R) frame	120-627
4.00 - 7.00 : 1 zoom	4.38m - 74.5m	Vert: 0.5 (U) 0.3 (D) frame, Hor: 0.15 (L) 0.15 (R) frame	120-628
6.9 - 10.3 : 1 zoom	12m - 80m	Vert: 0.5 (U) 0.5 (D) frame, Hor: 0.15 (L) 0.15 (R) frame	123-418

To choose a lens, calculate the throw ratio required. Allow a tolerance of +/- 3% in the throw ratio calculation.

Notes



Throw distance calculations are based on the distance from the outer end of the lens, which varies from lens to lens.

The lens extension is the distance between the front of the projector chassis and the outer end of the lens when it is fully extended.



Refer to the projector CAD drawings for individual lens extension figures..



The 1.50 - 2.00: 1 zoom lens has a feature that permits focus correction for curved screens. The front ring of the lens is a manual control that provides focus curvature adjustment to correct for the different focal distances between center and corner.

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Basic calculation

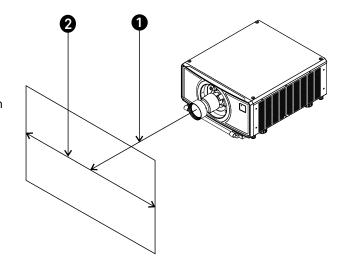
Identify the required lens by calculating the throw ratio

A throw ratio is the ratio of the throw distance 2 to the screen width 1.

Throw Ratio = Throw Distance / Screen Width

- 1. Use the formula above to obtain the required throw ratio.
- 2. Allow a tolerance of +/- 3% in the throw ratio calculation and match the throw ratio with a lens from the table below:

Throw Ratios	Focus Range
0.38:1 fixed	1.6m - 5m
0.9 - 1.2 : 1 zoom	0.92m - 10.6m
1.20 - 1.56 : 1 zoom	0.95m - 17.47m
1.50 - 2.00 : 1 zoom	1.24m - 16.4m
2.00 - 4.00 : 1 zoom	1.82m - 41.8m
4.00 - 7.00 : 1 zoom	4.38m - 74.5m
6.9 - 10.3 : 1 zoom	12m - 80m



Notes



The basic calculation on this page does not take into consideration DMD™ and image size, which could affect the throw ratio.

See "Full lens calculation" on page 103 for a more complex and realistic calculation.



When calculating the throw ratio, be sure to use identical measurement units for both the throw distance and the screen width.



See "Choosing a lens" on page 100 for information about individual lens part numbers.

3. Ensure the required throw distance is within the range covered by the lens.

Basic calculation example

1. Calculate the throw ratio using the formula.

Your screen is 4.5m wide and you wish to place the projector approximately 11m from the screen. The throw ratio will then be $11 \div 4.5 = 2.44$

2. Match the result with the lens table.

The lens matching a throw ratio of 2.44 is the *2.00 - 4.00:1 Zoom lens* .

3. Check whether the lens covers the required throw distance.

The focus range quoted for the 2.00 - 4.00:1 Zoom lens is **1.82 - 41.8m**. The required distance of 11m is within the range.

INFORMATION YOU NEED FOR THIS CALCULATION

The throw ratio formula:

Throw Ratio=Throw Distance/Screen Width

Allow a tolerance of +/-3% in the throw ratio calculation.

The lens table:

Throw Ratios	Focus Range
0.38:1 fixed	1.6m - 5m
0.9 - 1.2 : 1 zoom	0.92m - 10.6m
1.20 - 1.56 : 1 zoom	0.95m - 17.47m
1.50 - 2.00 : 1 zoom	1.24m - 16.4m
2.00 - 4.00 : 1 zoom	1.82m - 41.8m
4.00 - 7.00 : 1 zoom	4.38m - 74.5m
6.9 - 10.3 : 1 zoom	12m - 80m

Notes



The basic calculation on this page does not take into consideration DMD™ and image size, which could affect the throw ratio.

See "Full lens calculation" on page 103 for a more complex and realistic calculation.



See "Choosing a lens" on page 100 for information about individual lens part numbers.

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Full lens calculation

Introducing TRC

The choice of lens will affect the image size and will address discrepancies between the DMD $^{\text{\tiny M}}$ resolution and the source.

When an image fills the height of the DMD™ but not the width, it uses less than 100% of the DMD™ surface. A lens chosen using the basic formula may produce an image that is considerably smaller than the actual screen.

To compensate for loss of screen space in such situations, you need to increase the throw ratio using a **Throw Ratio Correction (TRC)**.

Example

Fig. 1 illustrates a 4:3 image within a 16:9 display.

When a 16:9 projector is used for a 4:3 image, the image does not fill the width of the DMD™, creating a **pillarboxing** effect - blank spaces to the left and right.

Fig. 2 shows the same image projected on a 4:3 screen using a standard lens (chosen with the basic calculation).

The DMD™ accurately fills the width of the screen; however, the pillarboxing is now part of the projected image and is transferred to the screen.

The DMD™ does not fill the height of the screen, which has caused **letterboxing** - further blank spaces at the top and bottom of the screen.

The image is now surrounded by blank space, which can be removed if the throw ratio is increased.

Fig. 3 shows the image projected on the same screen with a lens chosen using TRC. The increased throw ratio has allowed the 4:3 image to fill the 4:3 screen seamlessly.



Fig 1



Fig 2



Fig 3

Notes



TRC can only be applied if greater than 1. If TRC is 1 or less, disregard it and calculate the throw ratio using the basic formula..

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Calculating TRC

To calculate TRC, use the following formula:

TRC = 1.6(DMD™ Aspect Ratio) / Source Aspect Ratio

TRC table

Alternatively, you can save time by referencing the following table, which shows the TRC value for some popular image formats:

2.35:1 (Scope)	1920 x 817 pixels	TRC < 1, not used
1.85:1 (Flat)	1920 x 1037 pixels	TRC < 1, not used
1.78:1 (16:9)	1920 x 1080 pixels	TRC < 1, not used
1.6:1 (16:10)	1920 x 1200 pixels	TRC < 1, not used (native aspect ratio)
1.33:1 (4:3)	1596 x 1200 pixels	TRC = 1.2
1.25:1 (5:4)	1500 x 1200 pixels	TRC = 1.28

Calculating the throw ratio with TRC

1. 1. For TRC > 1, amend the basic throw ratio formula as follows:

Throw Ratio = Throw Distance / Screen Width*TRC

Allow a tolerance of +/-3% in the throw ratio calculation.

2. Once a throw ratio is established, identify the matching lens from the table:

Throw ratios	Focus Range
0.38:1 fixed	1.6m - 5m
0.9 - 1.2 : 1 zoom	0.92m - 10.6m
1.20 - 1.56 : 1 zoom	0.95m - 17.47m
1.50 - 2.00 : 1 zoom	1.24m - 16.4m
2.00 - 4.00 : 1 zoom	1.82m - 41.8m
4.00 - 7.00 : 1 zoom	4.38m - 74.5m
6.9 - 10.3 : 1 zoom	12m - 80m

3. Ensure the required throw distance is within the range of the matching lens.

Notes



TRC can only be applied if greater than 1. If TRC is 1 or less, disregard it and calculate the throw ratio using the basic formula.



TRC can only be applied if greater than 1. If TRC is 1 or less, disregard it and calculate the throw ratio using the basic formula.

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Full lens calculation example

Your screen is **4.5m** wide; you wish to place the projector approximately **11m** from the screen. The source is **4:3**.

1. Calculate TRC as follows:

$$TRC = 1.6 / 1.33 = 1.2.$$

2. Calculate the throw ratio:

Throw ratio = $11 / 4.5 \times 1.2 = 2.04$

3. Allow a tolerance of +/- 3% in the throw ratio calculation and find a match in the lens table.

The table shows that the matching lens is **the 2.00 - 4.00:1 Zoom lens**.

4. Check whether the lens covers the required throw distance.

The focus range quoted for the 2.00 - 4.00:1 Zoom lens is **1.82m - 41.8m**. The required distance of 11 m is within the range.

INFORMATION YOU NEED FOR THIS CALCULATION

The TRC formula

TRC = DMDTH Aspect Ratio / Source Aspect Ratio

The TRC table (to use instead of the formula)

2.35:1 (Scope)	TRC < 1, not used
1.85:1 (Flat)	TRC < 1, not used
1.78:1 (16:9)	TRC < 1, not used
1.6:1 (16:10)	TRC < 1, not used (native aspect ratio)
1.33:1 (4:3)	TRC = 1.2
1.25:1 (5:4)	TRC = 1.28

The throw ratio formula

Throw Ratio=Throw Distance/Screen Width*TRC

Allow a tolerance of +/-3% in the throw ratio calculation.

The lens table:

Throw ratios	Focus Range
0.38:1 fixed	1.6m - 5m
0.9 - 1.2 : 1 zoom	0.92m - 10.6m
1.20 - 1.56 : 1 zoom	0.95m - 17.47m
1.50 - 2.00 : 1 zoom	1.24m - 16.4m
2.00 - 4.00 : 1 zoom	1.82m - 41.8m
4.00 - 7.00 : 1 zoom	4.38m - 74.5m
6.9 - 10.3 : 1 zoom	12m - 80m

Notes

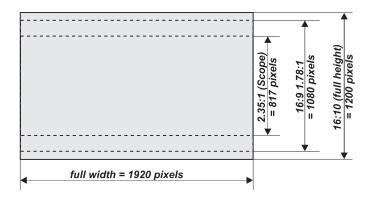
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Screen requirements

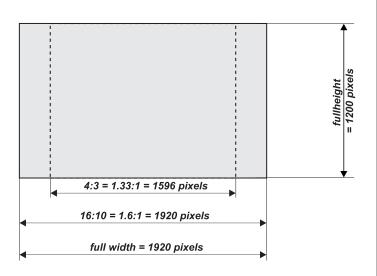
Fitting the image to the display

If the source image supplied to the projector is smaller than the WUXGA resolution, the image will not fill the display. The following examples show how a number of common formats may be displayed, depending on your DMD™ resolution.

WUXGA images displayed full width



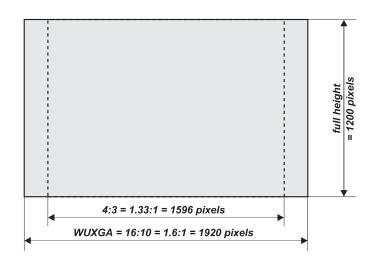
WUXGA images displayed with a height of 1200 pixels



Notes

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WUXGA images displayed full height



Diagonal screen sizes

Screen sizes are sometimes specified by their diagonal size (D). When dealing with large screens and projection distances at different aspect ratios, it is more convenient to measure screen width (W) and height (H).

The example calculations below show how to convert diagonal sizes into width and height, at various aspect ratios.

2.35:1 (Scope)

 $W = D \times 0.92 H = D \times 0.39$

1.85:1

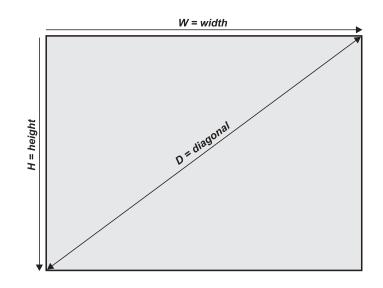
 $W = D \times 0.88 H = D \times 0.47$

16:9 = 1.78:1

 $W = D \times 0.87 H = D \times 0.49$

16:10 = 1.6:1 (native aspect ratio for WUXGA projectors)

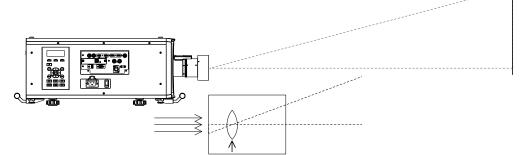
 $W = D \times 0.85 H = D \times 0.53$



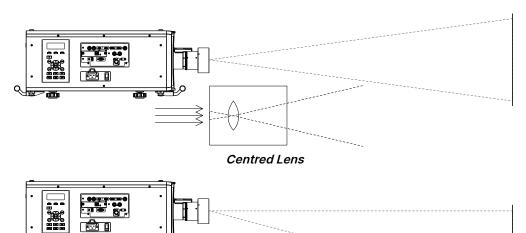
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Positioning the image

The normal position for the projector is at the centre of the screen. However, you can set the projector above or below the centre, or to one side, and adjust the image using the **Lens shift** feature (known as **rising and falling front**) to maintain a geometrically correct image.



Shifting the lens up (rising front)



Shifting the lens down (falling front)

Notes



See "Lens control" on page 50 for more information on shifting the lens.

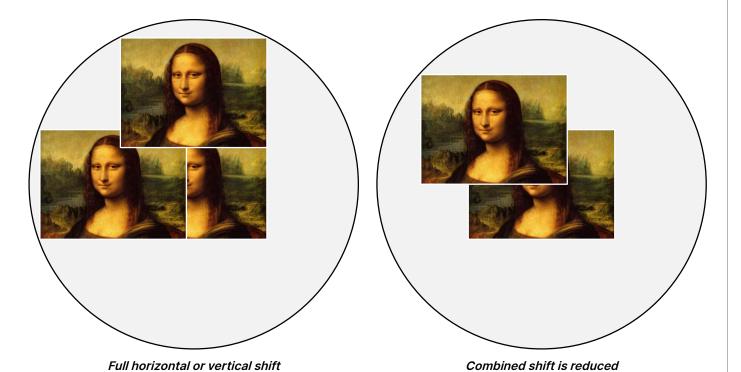


Whenever possible, position the projector so that the lens is centered for the highest quality image.

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Any single adjustment outside the ranges specified on the following page may result in an unacceptable level of distortion, particularly at the corners of the image, due to the image passing through the periphery of the lens optics.

If the lens is to be shifted in two directions combined, the maximum range without distortion will be somewhat less, as can be seen in the illustrations.



Notes



See "Lens control" on page 50 for more information on shifting the lens.

Aspect ratios explained

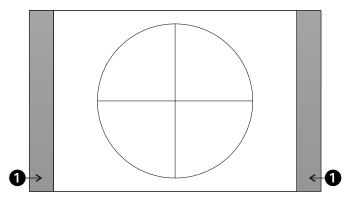
The appearance of a projected image on the screen depends on a combination of the following:

- The display resolution is WUXGA with a 1920 x 1200 resolution, corresponding to an aspect ratio of 16:10.
- The aspect ratio of the input signal: usually 4:3, 16:9 or 16:10.
- The value of the **Aspect Ratio** setting of the projector:
 - 16:9, 4:3, 16:10 and 5:4 stretch the image to the selected aspect ratio. 16:9 leaves black bars at the top and bottom of the screen (letterboxing effect); 4:3 and 5:4 leave black bars at the sides of the screen (pillarboxing).
 - **TheaterScope** is a special setting used in combination with an anamorphic lens, an optional accessory. It removes letterboxing from a 2.35:1 source packed into a 16:9 frame.
 - Source shows the image with its original aspect ratio, if this does not match the native aspect ratio of the DMD either fit the full width or height of the display.

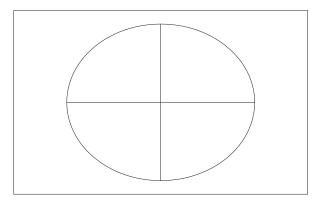
Aspect ratios examples

1. Unused screen areas.

Source: 4:3



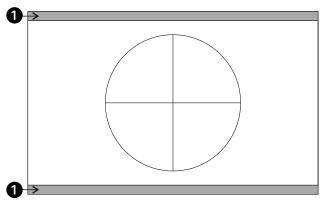
Aspect Ratio: Source / 4:3



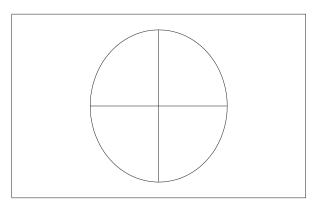
Aspect Ratio 16:10

Notes

Source: 16:9

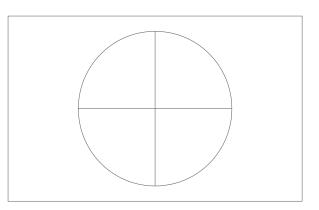


Aspect Ratio: Source / 4:3



Aspect Ratio 16:10

Source: 16:10 (native)



Aspect Ratio: Source / 16:10

Aspect ratio example: TheatreScope

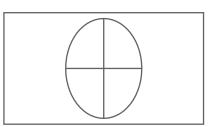
The TheaterScope setting is used in combination with an anamorphic lens to restore 2.35:1 images packed into a 16:9 frame. Such images are projected with black lines at the top and bottom of the 16:9 screen to make up for the difference in aspect ratios.

Without an anamorphic lens and without the TheaterScope setting applied, a 16:9 source containing a 2.35:1 image looks like this.

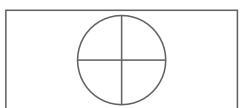
Black margin – part of the source

Black margin – part of the source

If we change the setting to TheaterScope, the black lines will disappear but the image will stretch vertically to reach the top and bottom of the DMD $^{\text{TM}}$:



An anamorphic lens will stretch the image horizontally, restoring the original 2.35 ratio:



Appendix A: supported signal input modes

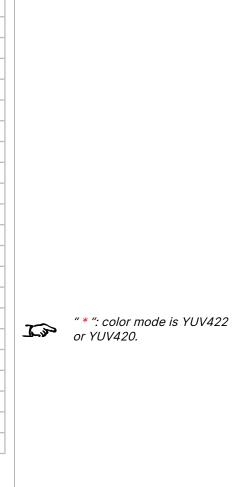
2D formats

Cianal		II Fract	Frame Deta	PCLK			HDMI / F	HDBaseT	
Signal Format	Resolution	H Freq. (KHz)	Frame Rate (Hz)	(MHz)	DisplayPort	RGB	YUV 8-bit	YUV 10-bit	YUV 12-bit
PC	640×480	31.469	59.94	25.175	0	0			
	640×480	37.500	74.99	31.5	0	0			
	640×480	43.269	85	36	0	0			
	800×600	37.879	60.32	40	0	0			
	800×600	46.875	75	49.5	0	0			
	800×600	53.674	85.06	56.25	0	0			
	848×480	23.674	47.95	25	0	0			
	848×480	31.020	60	33.75	0	0			
	1024×768	48.363	60	65	0	0			
	1024×768	56.476	70.07	75	0	0			
	1024×768	60.023	75	78.75	0	0			
	1024×768	68.677	85	94.5	0	0			
	1152×864	67.500	75	108	0	0			
	1280×720	35.531	47.95	57.987	0	0			
	1280×768	47.776	60	79.5	0	0			
	1280×768	60.289	74.89	102.25	0	0			
	1280×768	68.633	84.84	117.5	0	0			
	1280×800	49.702	60	83.5	0	0			
	1280×800	62.795	74.93	106.5	0	0			
	1280×960	60.000	60	108	0	0			
	1280×960	85.938	85	148.5	0	0			
	1280×1024	63.981	60.02	108	0	0			
	1280×1024	79.976	75.02	135	0	0			

Notes

Cianal		H Freq.	Frame Rate	PCLK		HDMI / HDBaseT			
Signal Format	2 Decolution '		DisplayPort	RGB	YUV 8-bit	YUV 10-bit	YUV 12-bit		
PC	1280×1024	91.146	85.02	157.5	0	0			
	1366×768	47.712	60	85.5	0	0			
	1440×900	55.935	59.89	106.5	0	0			
	1440×900	70.635	74.98	136.75	0	0			
	1400×1050	65.317	60	121.75	0	0			
	1400×1050	82.278	74.87	156	0	0			
	1600×900	55.920	60	119	0	0			
	1600×1200	75.000	60	162	0	0			
	1680×1050	65.290	60	146.25	0	0			
	1920×1080	53.225	47.95	135.403	0	0			
	1920×1200 RB	58.894	47.96	122.5	0	0			
	1920×1200	61.816	50	158.25	0	0			
	1920×1200 RB	74.038	60	154	0	0			
	2048×1152 RB	72.000	60	162	0				
	2560×1600 RB	98.713	59.97	268.5	0				
Apple Mac	640×480	35.000	66.67	30.24	0	0			
	832×624	49.720	74.55	57.28	0	0			
	1024×768	60.241	74.93	80	0	0			
	1152×870	68.861	75.06	100	0	0			
EDTV	480p	31.469	59.94	27	0	0	0	0	0
	576p	31.250	50	27	0	0	0	0	0
	1080i	28.125	50	74.25	0	0	0	0	0
	1080i	33.716	59.94	74.176	0	0	0	0	0
	1080i	33.750	60	74.25	0	0	0	0	0
	720p	37.500	50	74.25	0	0	0	0	0
	720p	44.955	59.94	74.176	0	0	0	0	0

Ciamal		ПЕнан	Frama Data	DOLK		HDMI / HDBaseT			
Signal Format	Resolution	H Freq. (KHz)	Frame Rate (Hz)	PCLK (MHz)	DisplayPort	RGB	YUV 8-bit	YUV 10-bit	YUV 12-bit
EDTV	720p	45.000	60	74.25	0	0	0	0	0
	1080p	26.973	23.98	74.176	0	0	0	0	0
	1080p	27.000	24	74.25	0	0	0	0	0
	1080p	28.125	25	74.25	0	0	0	0	0
	1080p	33.716	29.97	74.176	0	0	0	0	0
	1080p	33.750	30	74.25	0	0	0	0	0
	1080p	56.250	50	148.5	0	0	0	0	0
	1080p	67.433	59.94	148.352	0	0	0	0	0
	1080p	67.500	60	148.5	0	0	0	0	0
	3840×2160	53.946	23.97	296.703	0	0	0	0	0
	3840×2160	54.000	24	297	0	0	0	0	0
	3840×2160	56.250	25	297	0	0	0	0	0
	3840×2160	67.500	29.97	296.703	0	0	0	0	0
	3840×2160	67.500	30	297	0	0	0	0	0
	3840×2160	112.500	50	594	0	0	0	0*	0*
	3840×2160	135.000	60	594	0	0	0	0*	0*
	4096×2160	54.000	24	297	0	0	0	0	0
	4096×2160	56.250	25	297	0	0	0	0	0
	4096×2160	67.500	30	297	0	0	0	0	0
	4096×2160	112.500	50	594	0	0	0	0*	0*
	4096×2160	135.000	60	594	0	0	0	0*	0*



12G-SDI (SDI Format)

Timing	SDI Link mode	Signal Standards	Color Encode	Sampling Structure	Bit Depth
1080i59	HD	SMPTE 292M 1.5Gbps HD	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
1080i50	HD	SMPTE 292M 1.5Gbps HD	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
1080i60	HD	SMPTE 292M 1.5Gbps HD	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
720p25	HD	SMPTE 292M 1.5Gbps HD	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
720p30	HD	SMPTE 292M 1.5Gbps HD	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
720p50	HD	SMPTE 292M 1.5Gbps HD	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
720p60	HD	SMPTE 292M 1.5Gbps HD	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
1080p24	HD	SMPTE 292M 1.5Gbps HD	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
1080p25	HD	SMPTE 292M 1.5Gbps HD	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
1080p30	HD	SMPTE 292M 1.5Gbps HD	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
1080p50	3G Level A	SMPTE 424M 3Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
1080p59	3G Level A	SMPTE 424M 3Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
1080p60	3G Level A	SMPTE 424M 3Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
2160p24 (3840×2160)	6G (Single Link)	SMPTE 2081 6Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2 / 4:2:0	10
2160p25 (3840×2160)	6G (Single Link)	SMPTE 2081 6Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2 / 4:2:0	10
2160p30 (3840×2160)	6G (Single Link)	SMPTE 2081 6Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2 / 4:2:0	10
2160p24 (4096×2160)	6G (Single Link)	SMPTE 2081 6Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
2160p25 (4096×2160)	6G (Single Link)	SMPTE 2081 6Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
2160p30 (4096×2160)	6G (Single Link)	SMPTE 2081 6Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
2160p24 (3840×2160)	12G (Single Link - 2SI)	SMPTE 2082 12Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2 / 4:4:4	10/12
2160p25 (3840×2160)	12G (Single Link - 2SI)	SMPTE 2082 12Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2 / 4:4:4	10/12
2160p30 (3840×2160)	12G (Single Link - 2SI)	SMPTE 2082 12Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2 / 4:4:4	10/12
2160p24 (4096×2160)	12G (Single Link - 2SI)	SMPTE 2082 12Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2 / 4:4:4	10/12
2160p25 (4096×2160)	12G (Single Link - 2SI)	SMPTE 2082 12Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2 / 4:4:4	10/12

Notes

Timing	SDI Link mode	Signal Standards	Color Encode	Sampling Structure	Bit Depth
2160p30 (4096×2160)	12G (Single Link - 2SI)	SMPTE 2082 12Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2 / 4:4:4	10/12
2160p50 (3840×2160)	12G (Single Link - 2SI)	SMPTE 2082 12Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
2160p60 (3840×2160)	12G (Single Link - 2SI)	SMPTE 2082 12Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
2160p50 (4096×2160)	12G (Single Link - 2SI)	SMPTE 2082 12Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2	10
2160p60 (4096×2160)	12G (Single Link - 2SI)	SMPTE 2082 12Gbps	YCbCr	4:2:2	10

3D formats

	Standard	Resolution	V-Freq (Hz)	V- Total	H-Freq (kHz)	НДМІ	Display Port	Dual-Pipe HDMI 1/2	Dual-Pipe Display Port 1/2	Output Display Frame Rate
720p50	Frame Packing	1280×720	50	1470	37.5	0				100
720p59	Frame Packing	1280×720	59.94	1470	44.96	0				120
720p60	Frame Packing	1280×720	60	1470	45	0				120
720p50	Top-and-Bottom	1280×720	50	750	37.5	0	0			100
720p59	Top-and-Bottom	1280×720	59.94	750	44.96	0	0			120
720p60	Top-and-Bottom	1280×720	60	750	45	0	0			120
1080p23	Frame Packing	1920×1080	23.98	2205	26.97	0				96
1080p24	Frame Packing	1920×1080	24	2205	27	0				96
1080i50	Side-by-Side (Half)	1920×1080	50	1125	56.25	0	0			100
1080i59	Side-by-Side (Half)	1920×1080	59.94	1125	67.43	0	0			120
1080i60	Side-by-Side (Half)	1920×1080	60	1125	67.5	0	0			120
1080p50	Side-by-Side (Half)	1920×1080	50	1125	56.25	0	0			100
1080p59	Side-by-Side (Half)	1920×1080	59.94	1125	67.43	0	0			120
1080p60	Side-by-Side (Half)	1920×1080	60	1125	67.5	0	0			120
1080p50	Top-and-Bottom	1920×1080	50	1125	56.25	0	0			100
1080p59	Top-and-Bottom	1920×1080	59.94	1125	67.43	0	0			120
1080p60	Top-and-Bottom	1920×1080	60	1125	67.5	0	0			100
1080p50	Frame Sequential	1920×1080	50	1125	56.25	0	0			100
1080p59	Frame Sequential	1920×1080	59.94	1125	67.43	0	0			120
1080p60	Frame Sequential	1920×1080	60	1125	67.5	0	0			120

Notes

Sta	ndard	Resolution	V-Freq (Hz)	V- Total	H-Freq (kHz)	НДМІ	Display Port	Dual-Pipe HDMI 1/2	Dual-Pipe Display Port 1/2	Output Display Frame Rate
1080p100	Frame Sequential	1920×1080	100	1125	112.5	0	0			100
1080p120	Frame Sequential	1920×1080	120	1125	135	0	0			120
WUXGA_100_RB	Frame Sequential	1920×1200	100	1258	125.72	0	0			100
WUXGA_120_RB	Frame Sequential	1920×1200	120	1271	152.4	0	0			120
1080p50	Dual Pipe	1920×1080	50	1125	56.25			0	0	100
1080p59	Dual Pipe	1920×1080	59.94	1125	67.43			0	0	120
1080p60	Dual Pipe	1920×1080	60	1125	67.5			0	0	120
WUXGA_60_RB	Dual Pipe	1920×1200	60	1235	74.04			0	0	120

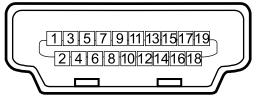
Appendix B: wiring details

Signal inputs and outputs

HDMI 1 and 2

19 way type A connector

1	T.M.D.S. Data 2+ Input	11	Ground
2	Ground	12	T.M.D.S. Clock C- Input
3	T.M.D.S. Data 2- Input	13	CEC
4	T.M.D.S. Data 1+ Input	14	N.C
5	Ground	15	SCL
6	T.M.D.S. Data 1- Input	16	SDA
7	T.M.D.S. Data 0+ Input	17	Ground
8	Ground	18	P5V
9	T.M.D.S. Data 0- Input	19	HPD
10	T.M.D.S. Clock C+ Input		

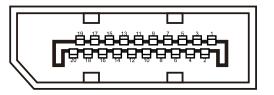


HDMI: pin view of panel connector

DisplayPort

DisplayPort 1.2

Pin 1	ML_Lane 0 (p)	Pin 11	GND
Pin 2	GND	Pin 12	ML_Lane 3 (n)
Pin 3	ML_Lane 0 (n)	Pin 13	CONFIG1
Pin 4	ML_Lane 1 (p)	Pin 14	CONFIG2
Pin 5	GND	Pin 15	AUX CH (p)
Pin 6	ML_Lane 1 (n)	Pin 16	GND
Pin 7	ML_Lane 2 (p)	Pin 17	AUX CH (n)
Pin 8	GND	Pin 18	Hot plug
Pin 9	ML_Lane 2 (n)	Pin 19	Return
Pin 10	ML_Lane 3 (p)	Pin 20	DP_PWR



DisplayPort: pin view of panel connector

12G-SDI in, 12G-SDI out

75 ohm BNC



12G-SDI connector

HDBaseT input

RJ45 socket.

1	HDBT_N3
2	HDBT_P3
3	HDBT_N2
4	HDBT_N1
5	HDBT_P1
6	HDBT_P2
7	HDBT_P0
8	HDBT_N0



HDBaseT/LAN

Control connections

LAN

RJ45 socket

RS232

9 way D-type connector

1	N.C
2	RXD
3	TXD
4	N.C
5	Ground
6	N.C
7	N.C
8	N.C
9	N.C

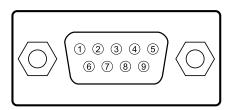
IR input

3.5 mm mini jack

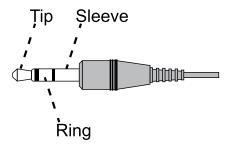
Tip	VCC(3.3V)
Sleeve-	Ground
Ring	Signal



HDBaseT / LAN



RS232 pin view of female connector



Wired Remote

Notes



Only one remote connection (RS232 or LAN) should be used at any one time.

Appendix C: memory scheme and memory items

Below is a summary of the OSD parameters that can be saved in the memory presets.

Item	Global Memory	Per Input Memory (Preset A/B/C/D)	3D input	Remark
Input Select	0			
Test Pattern				Not Memorized
Lens Lock / Lens Memory	0			
DB		©		
Light Off Timer		©		Available when DB is set at ON
Brightness		0	N/A	
Contrast		0	N/A	
Gamma		0		Will apply the general gamma when HDR is not activated.
HDR Mode		©		Will apply the gamma for HDR when auto detected the HDR signal or manual select the PQ- 400/PQ-500/PQ-1000/HLG option.
Saturation		©	N/A	
Hue		0	N/A	
Sharpness		0	N/A	
Noise Reduction		0	N/A	
Freeze			N/A	Not Memorized
Ambient Brightness Correction	0		N/A	
Color Space		0	N/A	
Color Mode		0		
ColorMax		0		When Color Mode is selected at ColorMax option.
Manual Color Matching		0		When non-HDR and the Color Mode is selected at Manual Color Matching option.

Notes

Item	Global Memory	Per Input Memory (Preset A/B/C/D)	3D input	Remark
Matching		©		When HDR and the Color Mode is selected at Manual Color Matching option.
Color Temperature		©		When Color Mode is selected at Color Temperature option.
Red Lift		©		When Color Mode is selected at Gains and Lifts option.
Green Lift		0		
Blue Lift		0		
Red Gain		0		
Green Gain		0		
Blue Gain		0		
Aspect ratio		©	N/A	
Digi Zoom			N/A	Not Memorized and reset to 0 after power cycle
Digi Pan			N/A	
Digi Scan			N/A	
OverScan		©	N/A	
Warping Mode	0			All Geometry/Edge-Blending settings are global
H Keystone	0			
V Keystone	0			
Rotation	0			
Lens Throw Ratio	0			
H PinBarrel	0			
V PinBarrel	0			
4Corner	0			
Blanking	0			
Customer Warp	0			

Item	Global Memory	Per Input Memory (Preset A/B/C/D)	3D input	Remark
Edge Blending	0			
Black Level	0			
3D Format		0		
3D Sync		0		
3D DarkTime		0		
3D SyncOffset		©		
3D SyncReference		©		
Laser Mode	0			
Laser Power	0			
Fan Altitude	0			
Contrast Brightness	0			
MUBC	0			
Orientation	0			
High Altitude	0			
Screen Setting	0		N/A	
Auto Power off	0			
Auto Power on	0			
Schedule Setting	0			
Startup Logo	0			
Blank Screen	0			
Trig	0		N/A	
Auto Source	0		N/A	
PIC. MUTE Setting	0			

Item	Global Memory	Per Input Memory (Preset A/B/C/D)	3D input	Remark
Ir Enable	0			
Ir Code	0			
OSD Language	0			
OSD Menupos	0			
OSD Trans	0			
OSD Timer	0			
Standby Power	0			
Instant Startup	0			
Standby Period	0			
EDID Mode	0			
Hotkey Setting	0			
Keypad Blacklight	0			
Output Frame Rate	0		N/A	
Lan DHCP	0			
Lan IP	0			
Lan Subnet	0			
Lan Gateway	0			
Lan DNS	0			
Lan MAC	0			
Lan AMX	0			
Art-Net Setting	0			

Appendix D: glossary of terms

Notes

1

1080p

An HDTV resolution which corresponds to 1920 x 1080 pixels (a widescreen aspect ratio of 16:9).

3

3D active glasses

Wireless battery-powered glasses with LCD shutters. Synchronization information is communicated to the glasses by means of an infrared (IR) or radio frequency (RF) emitter which is connected to the Sync Out terminal on the projector. IR or RF pulses are transmitted by the emitter to signal when the left eye and right eye images are being displayed. The glasses incorporate a sensor which detects the emitter's signal and synchronises the left and right eye shutters with the projected image.

3D passive glasses

Passive glasses do not require a power source to work. Light with left-hand polarisation can pass through the left lens and light with right hand polarisation can pass through the right-hand lens. These glasses are used in conjunction with another device which polarizes the image, such as a ZScreen.

4

4K-UHD

The 4K-UHD resolution of 3840×2160 is the dominant 4K resolution used in the consumer media and display industries. This resolution has an aspect ratio of 16:9, with 8,294,400 total pixels.

Α

Adjust lines

A pattern applied to the image where its edge is to be blended with another image. Adjust lines are used to position the projectors in the array during the edge blend process.

Anamorphic lens

A special lens which, when used with the TheaterScope aspect ratio, allows watching 2.35:1 content packed in a 16:9 source.

Aperture

The opening of the lens that determines the angle through which light travels to come into focus.

Aspect ratio

The proportional relationship between the width and the height of the projected image. It is represented by two numbers separated by a colon, indicating the ratio of image width and height respectively: for example, 16:9 or 2.35:1. Not to be confused with resolution.

В

Blanking (projection)

The ability to intentionally turn off, that is, set to black, areas around the edges of the projected image. It is sometimes referred to as "curtains" since it can be used to blank an area of image that literally falls on the curtains at the side of the screen in a movie theater. Usually no image resizing or geometric correction takes place and the "blanked" part of the image is lost. Not to be confused with horizontal and vertical blanking (video signal).

Blanking (video signal)

The section of the video signal where there is no active video data. Not to be confused with blanking (projection).

Blend region

The area of the image that is to overlap with another image in an edge blend setup. Sometimes called overlapping region.

Brightness (electronic control)

A control which adds a fixed intensity value to every pixel in the display, moving the entire range of displayed intensities up or down, and is used to set the black point in the image (see Contrast). In Component Video signals, brightness is the same as luminance.

Brightness (optical)

Describes how 'bright' an image that is projected onto a screen appears to an observer.

C

C

Also known as 'C', this is the component, or pair of components, of a Component Video signal which describes color difference information.

Notes

Chrominance

Also known as 'C', this is the component, or pair of components, of a Component Video signal which describes color difference information.

Color difference

In Component Video signals, the difference between specified colors and the luminance component. Color difference is zero for monochrome images.

Color gamut

The spectrum of color available to be displayed.

Color temperature

The position along the black body curve on the chromaticity diagram, normally quoted in Kelvin. It takes into account the preset values for color balance in the service set-up to take up the variations in the prism. The projector allows you to adjust this temperature (i.e. adjust the picture color temperature).

Component video

A three-wire or four-wire video interface that carries the signal split into its basic RGB components or luminance (brightness) and two-color difference signals (YUV) and synchronization signals.

Contrast (electronic control)

The adjustment of the white point of the image without affecting the black point. This increases the intensity range of the displayed image.

Contrast (optical)

The intensity difference between the darkest and lightest areas of the screen.

Cr, Cb

Color difference signals used with 'Y' for digital Component Video inputs. They provide information about the signal color. Not to be confused with Pr, Pb.

Crop

Remove part of the projected image. Alternatively, fit an image into a frame with a different aspect ratio by removing part of the image. The image is resized so that either its length or its width equals the length or width of the frame, while the other dimension has moved outside the frame; the excess area is then cut out.

D

Notes

Dark time

The time inserted between frames when using 3D active glasses, to avoid ghosting caused by switching time between left and right eye.

DDC (Display Data Channel)

A communications link between the source and projector. DDC is used on the HDMI, DVI and VGA inputs. The link is used by the source to read the EDID stored in the projector.

Deinterlacing

The process of converting interlaced video signals into progressive ones.

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol)

A network protocol that is used to configure network devices so that they can communicate on an IP network, for example by allocating an IP address.

DMD™ (Digital Micromirror Device™)

The optical tool that transforms the electronic signal from the input source into an optical image projected on the screen. The DMD^{TM} of a projector has a fixed resolution, which affects the aspect ratio of the projected image. A Digital Micromirror Device (DMD^{TM}) consists of moving microscopic mirrors.

Each mirror, which acts as a pixel, is suspended between two posts by a thin torsion hinge. It can be tilted to produce either a bright or dark pixel.

E

Edge blend

A method of creating a combined image by blending the adjoining edges of two or more individual images.

Edge tear

An artifact observed in interlaced video where the screen appears to be split horizontally. Edge tears appear when the video feed is out of sync with the refresh rate of the display device.

EDID (Extended Display Identification Data)

Information stored in the projector that can be read by the source. EDID is used on the HDMI, DVI and VGA inputs, allowing the source to automatically configure to the optimum display settings.

EDTV (Enhanced Definition Television)

A progressive digital television system with a lower resolution than HDTV.

Notes

F

Field

In interlaced video, a part of the image frame that is scanned separately. A field is a collection of either all the odd lines or all the even lines within the frame.

Frame

One of the many still images displayed in a sequence to create a moving picture. A frame is made of horizontal lines of pixels. For example, a 1920×1080 frame consists of 1080 lines, each containing 1920 pixels. In analog video frames are scanned one at a time (progressive scanning) or split into fields for each field to be scanned separately (interlaced video).

Frame rate

The number of frames shown per second (fps). In TV and video, a frame rate is the rate at which the display device scans the screen to "draw" the frame.

Frame rate multiplication

To stop low frame rate 3D images from flickering, frame rate multiplication can be used, which increases the displayed frame rate by two or three times.

G

Gamma

A nonlinear operation used to code and decode luminance. It originates from the Cathode Ray Tube technology used in legacy television sets.

Ghosting

An artifact in 3D image viewing. Ghosting occurs when an image intended for one eye is partially seen by the other eye. Ghosting can be removed by optimizing the dark time and sync delay.

<u>H</u>

HDCP (High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection)

An encryption scheme used to protect video content.

HDTV (High Definition Television)

A television system with a higher resolution than SDTV and EDTV. It can be transmitted in various formats, notably 1080p and 720p.

Notes

Hertz (Hz)

Cycles per second.

Horizontal Scan Rate

The rate at which the lines of the incoming signal are refreshed. The rate is set by the horizontal synchronization from the source and measured in Hertz.

Hs + Vs

Horizontal and vertical synchronization.

Hue

The graduation (red/green balance) of color (applicable to NTSC).

I

Interlacing

A method of updating the image. The screen is divided in two fields, one containing every odd horizontal line, the other one containing the even lines. The fields are then alternately updated. In analog TV interlacing was commonly used as a way of doubling the refresh rate without consuming extra bandwidth.

Interleaving

The alternation between left and right eye images when displaying 3D.

ı

LED (Light Emitting Diode)

An electronic component that emits light.

Letterboxing

Black margins at the top and bottom of the image. Letterboxing appears when a wider image is packed into a narrower frame without changing the original aspect ratio.

Lumen

A photometric unit of radiant power. For projectors, it is normally used to specify the total amount of emitted visible light.

Luminance

Also known as 'Y', this is the part of a Component Video signal which affects the brightness, i.e. the black and white part.

Notes

Ν

Noise

Electrical interference displayed on the screen.

NTSC (National Television Standards Committee)

The United States standard for television - 525 lines transmitted at 60 interlaced fields per second.

0

OSD (on-screen display)

The projector menus allowing you to adjust various settings.

Overlapping region

The area of the image that is to overlap with another image in an edge blend setup. Sometimes called overlapping region.

P

PAL (Phase Alternate Line)

The television system used in the UK, Australia and other countries - 625 lines transmitted at 50 interlaced fields per second.

Pillarboxing

Black margins at the left and right of the image. Pillarboxing appears when a narrower image is packed into a wider frame without changing the aspect ratio.

Pixel

Short for Picture Element. The most basic unit of an image. Pixels are arranged in lines and columns. Each pixel corresponds to a micromirror within the DMD™; resolutions reflect the number of pixels per line by the number of lines. For example, a 1080p projector contains 1080 lines, each consisting of 1920 pixels.

Pond of mirrors

Area around the periphery of the DMD $^{\text{\tiny{M}}}$ containing inactive mirrors. The pond of mirrors may cause artifacts, for example during the edge blending process.

Pr, Pb

Color difference signals used with 'Y' for analog Component Video inputs. They provide information about the signal color. Not to be confused with Cr, Cb.

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Primary colors

Three colors any two of which cannot be mixed to produce the third. In additive color television systems the primary colors are red, green and blue.

Progressive scanning

A method of updating the image in which the lines of each frame are drawn in a sequence, without interlacing.

Pulldown

The process of converting a 24 fps film footage to a video frame rate (25 fps for PAL/SECAM, 30 fps for NTSC) by adding extra frames. DP projectors automatically carry out reverse pulldown whenever possible.

R

Resolution

The number of pixels in an image, usually represented by the number of pixels per line and the number of lines (for example, 1920 \times 1200).

RGB (Red, Green and Blue)

An uncompressed Component Video standard.

<u>S</u>

Saturation

The amount of color in an image.

Scope

An aspect ratio of 2.35:1.

SDTV (Standard Definition Television)

An interlaced television system with a lower resolution than HDTV. For PAL and SECAM signals, the resolution is 576i; for NTSC it is 480i.

SECAM (Sequential Color with Memory)

The television system used in France, Russia and some other countries - 625 lines transmitted at 50 interlaced fields per second.

Smooth picture

A feature that can display a higher resolution source than the native resolution of the projector without loosing any pixel data.

Notes

SX+

A display resolution of 1400 x 1050 pixels with a 4:3 screen aspect ratio. (Shortened from SXGA+, stands for Super Extended Graphics Array Plus.)

Synchronization

A timing signal used to coordinate an action.

Т

Test pattern

A still image specially prepared for testing a projection system. It may contain various combinations of colors, lines and geometric shapes.

TheaterScope

An aspect ratio used in conjunction with a special anamorphic lens to display 2.35:1 images packed into a 16:9 frame.

Throw distance

The distance between the screen and the projector.

Throw ratio

The ratio of the throw distance to the screen width.

TRC (Throw ratio correction)

A special number used in calculating throw distances and throw ratios when the image does not fill the width of the DMD $^{\text{\tiny M}}$. TRC is the ratio of the DMD $^{\text{\tiny M}}$ aspect ratio to the image source aspect ratio: TRC = DMD $^{\text{\tiny M}}$ aspect ratio / Source aspect ratio TRC is only used in calculations if it is greater than 1.

U

UXGA

A display resolution of 1600 x 1200 pixels with a 4:3 screen aspect ratio. (Stands for Ultra Extended Graphics Array.)

Notes

٧

Vertical Scan Rate

The rate at which the frames of the incoming signal are refreshed. The rate is set by the vertical synchronization from the source and measured in Hertz.

Vignetting

Optical cropping of the image caused by the components in the projection lens. This can happen if too much offset is applied when positioning the image using the lens mount.

Vista

An aspect ratio of 1.66:1.

W

WUXGA

A display resolution of 1920 x 1200 pixels with a 16:10 screen aspect ratio. (Stands for Widescreen Ultra Extended Graphics Array.)

Υ

Υ

This is the luminance input (brightness) from a Component Video signal.

YUV

Color difference signals used with 'Y' for analog Component Video inputs. They provide information about the signal color. Not to be confused with Cr, Cb.

Z

ZScreen

A special kind of light modulator which polarizes the projected image for 3D viewing. It normally requires that images are projected onto a silver screen. The ZScreen is placed between the projector lens and screen. It changes the polarization of the projected light and switches between left- and right- handed circularly polarized light at the field rate.

Notes



A brand of ABLTA

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